OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

D3.6L/180 and D4.2L/220 Inboard Models

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Identification Record

PLEASE RECORD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

1. ____________________________
   Engine Model, Horsepower, and Serial Number

2. ____________________________
   Transom Models
   Transmission Serial Number

3. ____________________________
   Propeller Number
   Pitch
   Diameter

4. ____________________________
   Hull Identification Number (HIN)
   Purchase Date

5. ____________________________
   Boat Manufacturer
   Boat Model
   Length

6. ____________________________
   Exhaust Gas Emissions Certificate Number

Serial Numbers

The serial numbers are the manufacturer’s keys to numerous engineering details which apply to your MerCruiser® power package. When contacting your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer about service, always specify model and serial numbers.

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The description and specifications contained herein were in effect at the time this guide was approved for printing. Mercury Marine, whose policy is one of continuous improvement, reserves the right to discontinue models at any time, or to change specifications or designs, without notice and without incurring obligation.

Mercury Marine
Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, U.S.A.

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WELCOME!

You have selected one of the finest marine power packages available. It incorporates numerous design features to assure operating ease and durability.

With proper care and maintenance, you will thoroughly enjoy using this product for many boating seasons. To ensure maximum performance and carefree use, we ask that you thoroughly read the Operation and Maintenance Manual which accompanies the product.

The Operation and Maintenance Manual contains specific instructions for using and maintaining your product. We suggest that this manual remain with the product for ready reference whenever you are on the water.

Thank you for purchasing one of our MerCruiser products. We sincerely hope your boating will be pleasant!

CONSUMER AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT
Read This Manual Thoroughly

IF YOU DON’T UNDERSTAND ANY PORTION, CONTACT YOUR DEALER FOR A DEMONSTRATION OF ACTUAL STARTING AND OPERATING PROCEDURES.

NOTICE
Throughout this publication, and on your power package WARNINGS and CAUTIONS, accompanied by the International HAZARD Symbol ⚠, may be used to alert the installer/user to special instructions concerning a particular service or operation that may be hazardous if performed incorrectly or carelessly. Observe them carefully.

These “Safety Alerts” alone cannot eliminate the hazards that they signal. Strict compliance with these special instructions while performing the service, plus “common sense” operation, are major accident prevention measures.

⚠️ WARNING
WARNING - Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury or death.

⚠️ CAUTION
CAUTION - Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury or product or property damage.

IMPORTANT: Indicates information or instructions that are necessary for proper operation and/or maintenance.

⚠️ WARNING
The operator (driver) is responsible for the correct and safe operation of the boat, the equipment aboard and the safety of all occupants aboard. We strongly recommend that the operator read this Operation and Maintenance Manual and thoroughly understand the operational instructions for the power package and all related accessories before the boat is used.

We strongly recommend that other occupants be instructed on proper starting and operation procedures so they will be prepared should they be required to operate the power package and boat in an emergency.

⚠️ WARNING
It is difficult for persons standing or floating in the water to move clear if they see a powerboat heading toward them, even at slow speed. Shift the unit to neutral and shut off engine when your boat is near people in the water.

Serious injury is likely if a person in the water is struck by a moving boat, gear housing, propeller, or accessory rigidly attached to your boat or motor.

⚠️ WARNING
The use of accessories not manufactured or sold by Mercury Marine is not recommended for use with your MerCruiser unit. If your MerCruiser unit is equipped with an accessory not manufactured by Mercury Marine, be sure to read the Operation and Maintenance Manual for the accessory before operation. If you haven’t been supplied with such a manual, contact your dealer or the manufacturer of the accessory to secure the applicable manual.

⚠️ WARNING
Electrical system components on this engine are not external ignition protected. DO NOT STORE OR UTILIZE GASOLINE ON BOATS EQUIPPED WITH THESE ENGINES, UNLESS PROVISIONS HAVE BEEN MADE TO EXCLUDE GASOLINE VAPORS FROM ENGINE COMPARTMENT (ref: 33 CFR). Failure to comply could result in fire, explosion and/or severe personal injury.
1 Some boats come equipped with a lanyard stop switch. A lanyard stop switch can also be installed as an accessory. The purpose of this switch is to turn off the engine ignition whenever the operator (when attached to the lanyard) moves far enough away from the operator’s position to activate the switch.

2 The lanyard is a cord usually between 4 and 5 feet (1220 and 1524 mm) in length when stretched out with an element on one end made to be inserted into the switch and a metal snap on the other end for attaching to the operator. It is coiled to make its at rest condition as short as possible so as to minimize the likelihood of lanyard entanglement with nearby objects. It is made as long as it is in its stretched condition to minimize the likelihood of accidental activation should the operator choose to move around in an area close to the normal operator’s position. If for any reason it is desired to have a shorter functional lanyard, this may be accomplished by using up length in the way the lanyard and clip are attached to the operator (such as wrapping the lanyard around the operator’s wrist or leg) or by tying a simple knot in the lanyard.

Read the Safety Warning on this page and the following page before electing to install, use, or not to use such a switch.

WARNING

The following advantages and disadvantages of a lanyard stop switch should be considered before electing to use, or not to use, such a switch.

ADVANTAGES: The purpose of a lanyard stop switch is to stop the engine ignition whenever the operator (when attached to the lanyard) moves far enough away from the operator’s position to activate the switch. This would occur if the operator falls or moves within the boat a sufficient distance from the operator’s position. This type of accident is most likely in certain types of boats such as low-sided boats, and high-performance boats. It is also likely as a result of poor operating practices such as sitting on the back of the seat at planing speeds, standing at planing speeds, operating at high speeds in shallow or obstacle-infested waters, releasing your grip on a steering wheel that is pulling in one direction, drinking and driving, or daring, high-speed boat maneuvers.

DISADVANTAGES: Inadvertent activation of the switch is also a possibility. This could cause any, or all, of the following potentially hazardous situations:
1. Loss of balance and falling forward of unstable boat passengers - a particular concern in bow rider type boats.
2. Loss of power and directional control in heavy seas, strong current or high winds.
3. Loss of control when docking.

While activation of the lanyard stop switch will result in immediate power shut-down, a boat can continue to coast for some distance depending upon the velocity and degree of any turn at shut-down. However, the boat will not complete a full circle. While the boat is coasting, it can cause injury to anyone in the boat’s path as seriously as the boat would when under power.

As we cannot possibly know of and advise the boating public of all conceivable boat/motor types and/or poor operating practices, the final decision of whether to use a lanyard stop switch rests with you, the owner/driver.

We strongly recommend that other occupants be instructed on proper starting and operating procedures should they be required to operate the engine and boat in an emergency.
Safe Boating Suggestions

In order to safely enjoy the waterways, familiarize yourself with local and other governmental boating regulations and restrictions, and consider the following suggestions.

- **Know and obey all nautical rules and laws of the waterways.** Boat operators should complete a boating safety course. Courses are offered in the U.S.A. by (1) The U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary, (2) The Power Squadron, (3) The Red Cross and (4) your state or provincial boating law enforcement agency. Inquiries may be made to the Boating Hotline, 1-800-368-5647 or the Boat U.S. Foundation information number 1-800-336-BOAT.

We strongly recommend that all powerboat operators attend one of these courses.

You should also review the NMMA Sources of Waterway Information booklet. It lists regional sources of safety, cruising and local navigation and is available at no charge by writing to:

Sources of Waterway Information
National Marine Manufacturers Association
410 N. Michigan Avenue
Chicago, IL 60611 U.S.A.

- **Perform safety checks and required maintenance.** Follow a regular schedule and ensure that all repairs are properly made.

- **Check safety equipment on board.** Here are suggestions of the types of safety equipment to carry when boating:

  1. Approved fire extinguisher(s); paddle or oar.
  2. Signal devices: flashlight, rockets or flares, flag and whistle or horn.
  3. Spare propeller, thrust hubs and an appropriate wrench.
  5. Anchor and extra anchor line; water-proof storage containers.
  6. Manual bilge pump and extra drain plugs; compass and map or chart of area.
  7. Spare operating equipment; batteries, bulbs, fuses, etc.
  8. Transistor radio
  9. Drinking water

- **Know signs of weather change and avoid foul weather and rough-sea boating.**

- **Tell someone where you are going and when you expect to return.**

- **Passenger boarding.** Stop the engine whenever passengers are boarding, unloading or are near the back (stern) of the boat. Just shifting the drive unit into neutral is not sufficient.

- **Use personal flotation devices.** Federal Law requires that there be a U.S. Coast Guard approved, wearable-type life jacket (personal flotation device), correctly sized and readily accessible for every person on board, plus a throwable cushion or ring. We strongly advise that everyone wear a life jacket at all times while in the boat.

- **Prepare other boat operators.** Instruct at least one person on board in the basics of starting and operating the engine and boat handling in case the driver becomes disabled or falls overboard.

- **Do not overload your boat.** Most boats are rated and certified for maximum load (weight) capacities (refer to your boat capacity plate). When in doubt, contact your dealer or the boats manufacturer. Know your boat’s operating and loading limitations.

- **Make sure everyone in the boat is properly seated.** Don’t allow anyone to sit or ride on any part of the boat that was not intended for such use. This includes backs of seats, gunwales, transom, bow, decks, raised fishing seats, any rotating fishing seat; anywhere that sudden unexpected acceleration, sudden stopping, unexpected loss of boat control or sudden boat movement could cause a person to be thrown overboard or into the boat.
• Never be under the influence of alcohol or drugs while boating (it is the law). They impair your judgment and greatly reduce your ability to react quickly.

• Know your boating area and avoid hazardous locations.

• Be alert. The operator of the boat is responsible by law to “maintain a proper lookout by sight (and hearing).” The operator must have an unobstructed view particularly to the front. No passengers, load, or fishing seats should block the operators view when operating the boat above idle or planing transition speed. Watch “the other guy,” the water and your wake.

• Never drive your boat directly behind a water skier in case the skier falls. As an example, your boat traveling at 25 miles per hour (40 km/hr) in 5 seconds will overtake a fallen skier who was 200 feet in front of you.

• Watch fallen skiers. When using your boat for water skiing or similar activities, always keep a fallen or down skier on the operator’s side of the boat while returning to attend the skier. The operator should always have the down skier in sight and never back up to the skier or anyone in the water.

• Report accidents. Boat operators are required by law to file a Boating Accident Report with their state boating law enforcement agency when their boat is involved in certain boating accidents. A boating accident must be reported if (1) there is loss of life or probable loss of life, (2) there is personal injury requiring medical treatment beyond first aid, (3) there is damage to boats or other property where the damage value exceeds $500.00 or (4) there is complete loss of the boat. Seek further assistance from local law enforcement.

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Protecting People In The Water

While You Are Cruising

It is very difficult for a person standing or floating in the water to take quick action to avoid a boat heading in his/her direction even at slow speed.

Always slow down and exercise extreme caution any time you are boating in an area where there might be people in the water.

Whenever a boat is moving (coasting) and the drive unit is in neutral position, there is sufficient force by the water on the propeller to cause the propeller to rotate. This neutral propeller rotation can cause serious injury.

While Boat Is Stationary

Shift the drive unit into neutral and shut off the engine before allowing people to swim or be in the water near your boat.

⚠️ WARNING

Stop your engine immediately whenever anyone in the water is near your boat. Serious injury to the person in the water is likely if contacted by a rotating propeller, a moving boat, a moving gear case, or any solid device rigidly attached to a moving boat or gear case.

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High-Speed And High-Performance Boat Operation

If your boat is considered a high-speed or high-performance boat with which you are unfamiliar, we recommend that you never operate it at its high speed capability without first requesting an initial orientation and familiarization demonstration ride with your dealer or an operator experienced with your boat. For additional information, obtain a copy of our “Hi-Performance Boat Operation” booklet (Part Number 90-86168--3) from your dealer, distributor, or Mercury Marine.
Conditions Affecting Operation

Weight Distribution
Positioning of weight (passengers and gear) inside the boat has the following effects:
A. Shifting weight to rear (stern) will:
   • Generally increases speed and engine RPM.
   • At extremes, can cause boat to porpoise.
   • Causes bow to bounce in choppy water.
   • Increases danger of following wave splashing into boat when coming off plane.
B. Shifting weight to front (bow) will:
   • Improves ease of planing on some boats.
   • Improves rough water ride.
   • At extremes, can cause boat to veer back and forth (bow steer).

Bottom Of Boat
To maintain maximum speed, the following conditions of the boat bottom should be observed.
A. Clean, free of barnacles and marine growth.
B. Free of distortion; nearly flat where it contacts the water.
C. Straight and smooth, fore and aft.
Marine vegetation may accumulate when boat is docked. This growth must be removed before operation; it may clog water inlets and cause engine to over heat.
**Propeller Selection**

**IMPORTANT:** Installed propeller must allow engine to run at its specified maximum wide-open-throttle revolutions per minute (RPM). Use an accurate service tachometer to verify engine operating RPM.

It is the responsibility of the boat manufacturer and/or the selling dealer to equip the power package with the correct propeller(s). Specified engine wide-open-throttle (WOT) and operating RPM range are listed in “SPECIFICATIONS”.

**IMPORTANT:** The engines covered in this manual are equipped with a governor that limits engine RPM. Be sure that propeller being used does not allow engine to run against the governor, as a significant loss in performance will result.

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<th>MIE Model</th>
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Select a propeller that will allow the engine power package to operate at or near the top of the recommended wide-open-throttle operating RPM range with a normal load. Generally, there is a 100-150 RPM difference between 1 inch changes in propeller diameter or pitch.

If full throttle operation is below the recommended range, the propeller must be changed to prevent loss of performance and possible engine damage. On the other hand, operating an engine above the recommended operating RPM range will cause higher than normal wear and/or damage.

After initial propeller selection, the following common problems may require that the propeller be changed to a lower pitch:

- Warmer weather and greater humidity cause an RPM loss.
- Operating in a higher elevation causes an RPM loss.
- Operating with a damaged propeller or dirty boat bottom causes an RPM loss.
- Operating with increased load (additional passengers, pulling skiers, etc.)

For better acceleration, such as is needed for water skiing, use the next lower pitch propeller. However, do not operate at full throttle when using the lower pitch propeller but not pulling skiers.
How Elevation and Climate Affect Performance

Elevation has a very noticeable effect on the wide-open-throttle power of an engine. Since air (containing oxygen) gets thinner as elevation increases, the engine begins to starve for air. Humidity, barometric pressure and temperature do have a noticeable effect on the density of air. Heat and humidity thin the air. This condition can become particularly annoying when an engine is propped out on a cool, dry day in spring and later, on a hot, sultry day in August, doesn’t have its old zip.

Although some performance can be regained by dropping to a lower-pitch propeller, the basic problem still exists. In some cases, a gear-ratio change to more reduction is possible and very beneficial.

Summer conditions of high temperature, low barometric pressure and high humidity all combine to reduce the engine power. This, in turn, is reflected in decreased boat speeds, as much as 2 or 3 miles per hour in some cases. Nothing will regain this speed for the boater, but the coming of cool, dry weather.

In pointing out the practical consequences of weather effects, an engine -- running on a hot, humid summer day -- may encounter a loss of as much as 14% of the horsepower it would produce on a dry brisk spring or fall day. With the drop in available horsepower, this propeller will, in effect, become too large. Consequently, the engine operates at less than its recommended RPM. This will result in further loss of horsepower at the propeller with another decrease in boat speed. This secondary loss, however, can be somewhat regained by switching to a lower-pitch propeller that allows the engine to again run at recommended RPM.

For boaters to realize optimum engine performance under changing weather conditions, it is essential that the engine be propped to allow it to operate at or near the top end of the recommended maximum RPM range at wide-open-throttle with a normal boat load.

Not only does this allow the engine to develop full power, but equally important is the fact that the engine also will be operating in an RPM range that discourages damaging detonation. This, of course, enhances overall reliability and durability of the engine.
Important Information

Operation and Maintenance

RECOMMENDED OPERATION/DUTY CYCLE

It is the operator’s responsibility to operate within the following recommended operational capability, or duty cycle, as applicable to engine and installation:

- **Pleasure Duty** -
  1.) Operated at rated power and rated speed for short periods of time.

- **Light Duty** -
  1.) Operated such that full rated power at maximum rated RPM is limited to 10% of operating time and continuous cruising RPM is limited to 90% of Wide-Open-Throttle RPM (when propped within specified RPM range).

  2.) Annual operating time is not to exceed 500 hours.

**NOTE:** Pleasure duty rating applies to high performance-type boats, or boats with planing hulls where acceleration and top speed are of primary importance. This rating is reserved for privately-owned yachts, or recreational power boats in non-revenue applications.

Light duty rating applies to planing boats where the use of full rated power at maximum rated RPM is limited (as stated above). Examples of Light Duty applications include, but are not limited to: search and rescue craft, fast patrol boats, fire boats, dive boats, and limited season fishing boats such as sport-fish charter boats. Application to common commercial crafts having full-displacement or semi-displacement hulls exceeds the recommended operational capability, or duty cycle.

**IMPORTANT:** Damage caused by improper application or failure to operate within the operational capability, or duty cycle, will not be covered by the MerCruiser Diesel Limited Warranty.
OWNER/OPERATOR RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the operator’s responsibility to perform all safety checks, ensure that all lubrication and maintenance instructions are complied with for safe operation, and return the unit to an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer for a periodic checkup.

Normal maintenance service and replacement parts are the responsibility of the owner/operator and as such, are not considered defects in workmanship or material within the terms of the warranty. Individual operating habits and usage contribute to the need for maintenance service.

Proper maintenance and care of your power package will assure optimum performance and dependability, and will keep your overall operating expenses at a minimum. See your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer for service aids.

\[\textbf{\textit{CAUTION}}\]

The injection pump lever Wide-Open-Throttle (W.O.T.) Stop Screw adjusts the engine speed governor, and is factory set and sealed. Readjusting the governed speed and operating above the specified RPM will cause extensive engine damage and/or failure. Removal of the seal and/or readjustment of the governed speed is considered misuse of engine, and resulting damages will not be covered by the limited warranty.

DEALER RESPONSIBILITIES

In general, a dealer’s responsibilities to the customer include predelivery inspection and preparation such as:

- Make sure that the boat is properly equipped.
- Prior to delivery, make certain that the MerCruiser power package and other equipment are in proper operating condition.
- Make all necessary adjustments for maximum efficiency.
- Familiarize the customer with the on-board equipment.
- Explain and demonstrate the operation of the power package and boat.
- At the time of delivery, the dealer should provide you with a copy of a Predelivery Inspection Checklist.
- Your selling dealer should fill out the Warranty Registration Card completely and mail it to the factory (branch or distributor) immediately upon sale of the new product.
CD281
Freezing Temperature And Cold Weather Operation

IMPORTANT: If boat is operated during periods of freezing temperature, precautions must be taken to prevent freezing damage to power package. Refer to the following and to “Cold Weather or Extended Storage” for related information and draining instructions. Damage caused by freezing IS NOT covered by the MerCruiser Limited Warranty.

⚠️ CAUTION

Seawater (raw water) section of cooling system MUST BE COMPLETELY drained for winter storage or immediately after cold weather use, if the possibility of freezing temperatures exist. Failure to comply may result in trapped water causing freeze and/or corrosion damage to engine.

In order to operate the engine in temperatures of 32°F (0°C) or lower, observe the following instructions:

- At the end of each daily operation, COMPLETELY drain seawater section of cooling system to protect against damage by freezing.
- At the end of each daily operation, drain water from water separator, if equipped. Fill fuel tank at end of daily operation to prevent condensation.
- Use required permanent-type antifreeze solution to protect components against damage by freezing.
- Be sure to use proper cold weather lubrication oil, and be sure the crankcase contains a sufficient amount.
- Make certain that the battery is of sufficient size and is fully charged. Check that all other electrical equipment is in optimum condition.
- If operating in arctic temperatures of –20°F (–29°C) or lower, consult your dealer for information about special cold weather equipment and precautions.
Launching and Boat Operation Care

CAUTION

During launching from a trailer, if the unloading ramp is steep or the trailer bed must be tilted, the boat may enter the water rapidly and at a steep angle. This may force water through the exhaust system into the cylinders. The more weight on the transom, the more likely this is to occur.

Slowing down rapidly, stopping suddenly or backing up rapidly may cause a following wave to "swamp" the transom causing water to enter the cylinders through the exhaust system causing severe engine damage.

When backing up rapidly, the same situation may occur as stated in the preceding paragraph.

In any of these situations, water entering the engine could cause severe damage to internal parts. Refer to “Attention Required After Submersion,” in this “Operation and Maintenance Manual.”

CA18
Attention Required After Submersion

• Before recovery, contact an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.
• After recovery, immediate service by an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer is required to prevent serious damage to power package.

CA21
Stolen Power Package

If your power package is stolen, immediately advise the local authorities and Mercury Marine of the model and serial number(s) and to whom the recovery is to be reported. This “Stolen Motor” information is placed into a file at Mercury Marine to aid authorities and dealers in recovery of stolen motors.

CE9
Replacement Service Parts

Marine engines are expected to operate at or near full throttle for most of their life. They are also expected to operate in both fresh and saltwater environments. These conditions require numerous special parts. Care should be exercised when replacing marine engine parts, as specifications are quite different from those of the standard automotive engine.

Since marine engines must be capable of running at or near maximum RPM much of the time, special pistons, camshafts and other heavy-duty moving parts are required for long life and peak performance.

These are but a few of the many special modifications that are required in MerCruiser marine engines to provide long life and dependable performance.
Do-It-Yourself Maintenance Suggestions

If you are one of those persons who likes to do-it-yourself, here are some suggestions for you.

- Present-day marine equipment, such as your MerCruiser power package, are highly technical pieces of machinery.

- Do not attempt any repairs which are not covered in your Operation and Maintenance Manual accompanying your product unless you are aware of the precautions ("Cautions" and "Warnings") and procedures required. Your safety is of our concern.

- If you attempt to service the product yourself, we suggest you order the service manual for that model. The service manual outlines the correct procedures to follow. It is written for the trained mechanic, so there may be procedures you don’t understand. Do not attempt repairs if you do not understand the procedures.

- There are special tools and equipment that are required to perform some repairs. Do not attempt these repairs unless you have these special tools and/or equipment. You can cause damage to the product in excess of the cost a dealer would charge you.

- Also, if you partially disassemble an engine or drive assembly and are unable to repair it, the dealer’s mechanic must reassemble the components and test to determine the problem. This will cost you more than taking it to the dealer immediately upon having a problem. It may be a very simple adjustment to correct the problem.

- Do not telephone the dealer, service center, or the factory to attempt for them to diagnose a problem or request the repair procedure. It is difficult for them to diagnose a problem over the telephone. A doctor can’t and won’t diagnose your illness by telephone; he must examine you personally, just as a mechanic must examine your power package.

- Your Authorized Dealer is there to service your power package. He has qualified factory-trained mechanics. It is recommended you have the dealer do periodic maintenance checks on your power package. Have him winterize it in the fall and service it before the boating season. This will reduce the possibility of any problems occurring during your boating season when you want trouble-free boating pleasure.
**Engine Break-In**

**INITIAL BREAK-IN PROCEDURE**

It is especially important that the following procedure be used on new diesel engines. This break-in procedure allows the proper seating of the pistons and rings, which greatly reduces the likelihood of problems.

**IMPORTANT:** It is recommended that the boat not be accelerated hard until this procedure has been completed.

**IMPORTANT:** Never operate the starter motor longer than 15 seconds at a time, to avoid overheating the starter motor. If engine does not start, wait 1 minute to allow the starter motor to cool; then, repeat starting procedure.

Initial Break-in Procedure Is As Follows:

1. Pre-lubricate the turbocharger and engine. To do this, hold the “STOP” switch toggle lever DOWN while you simultaneously turn the key switch to “START” position for 15 seconds.
   
   This will rotate the starter motor and engine/oil pump. During this process the engine will not run because no fuel is injected. Allow the starter motor to cool down for one minute and repeat the above described process.

   To avoid overheating the starter motor, do not engage starter motor for more than 15 seconds each time.

2. Refer to “Starting, Shifting and Stopping” and start engine. Allow engine to idle until it has reached normal operating temperature.

3. Run engine in gear for 3 minutes at each of the following RPMs: 1200 RPM, 2400 RPM and 3000 RPM.

4. Run engine in gear for 3 minutes at each of the following RPMs: 1500 RPM, 2800 RPM and 3400 RPM.

5. Run engine in gear for 3 minutes at each of the following RPMs: 1800 RPM, 3000 RPM and Maximum Rated Full-Throttle RPM.

**20 HOUR BREAK-IN PERIOD**

**IMPORTANT:** The first 20 hours of operation is the engine break-in period. Correct break-in is essential to obtain minimum oil consumption and maximum engine performance. During this break-in period, the following rules must be observed:

- **DO NOT** operate engine below 1500 RPM for extended periods during the first 10 hours. During this period, shift into gear as soon as possible after starting engine and advance throttle so that RPM is above 1500 (provided that conditions permit safe operation at this speed).

- **DO NOT** operate at any one constant speed for extended periods.

- **DO NOT** exceed 75% of full throttle during the first 10 hours except during engine Initial Break-In Procedure. During the next 10 hours, occasional operation at full throttle (5 minutes at a time maximum) is permissible.

- **AVOID** full throttle acceleration from stopped position.

- **DO NOT** operate at full throttle until engine reaches normal operating temperature.

- **OBSERVE INSTRUMENTS,** if an abnormal reading occurs, stop engine immediately and determine cause.

- **FREQUENTLY CHECK** crankcase oil and transmission fluid levels. Add if necessary. It is normal for oil consumption to be somewhat high during the break-in period.

- **AT END OF 20-HOUR** break-in period, remove break in oil and replace oil filter. Fill crankcase with correct grade and viscosity oil.
20-Hour Checkup

It is a condition for the continuation of warranty, that the product be taken to an authorized MerCruiser service dealer after 20 hours of operation, but no later than 50 hours, for the following services, checks, and adjustments. *(Note: Some items may not apply to your specific power package. In these instances check the “Not Applicable” box provided.)* A copy of the dealer service work order must be kept, by product owner, as evidence of the completion of this requirement.

Service, check or adjust as indicated.

### BEFORE RUNNING (ENGINE COLD) - CHECK OR ADJUST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Not Applicable</th>
<th>Completed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Torque turbocharger fasteners [31 lb. ft. (42 N·m)] and exhaust manifold fasteners [24 lb. ft. (32 N·m)] (V-8 Diesel models only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Tighten cooling and exhaust system hose clamps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Throttle, shift and steering system fasteners tight and/or properly secured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Drive mounting fasteners are tight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Check that both front engine mount locknuts are tightened securely. Then, check to ensure that tab washers are bent down over adjusting nuts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Check that rear engine mounts are torqued to 35-40 lb. ft. (47-54 N·m). (stern drive models only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Drain fuel filter and check for water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Check condition and tension of all drive belts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Check closed cooling system coolant level *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Retorque gimbal ring clamping bolt to 50 - 55 lb. ft. (67 - 74 N·m) (stern drive models only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Power steering system fluid (stern drive models only)*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Drive unit lubricant level (stern drive models only)*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Transmission fluid level (inboard models only)*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐ Power trim pump oil level (stern drive models only)*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ON-WATER TESTING (ENGINE RUNNING/OPERATING TEMPERATURE) - CHECK OR ADJUST

| ☐ Adjust idle RPM in forward gear ♦ |
| ☐ All gauges and indicator lamps proper readings ♦ |
| ☐ Fuel, oil, water, coolant and exhaust leaks |
| ☐ Remote control operation--forward, neutral and reverse |
| ☐ Steering operation throughout range |
| ☐ Power trim operation (stern drive models only) |
| ☐ Maximum RPM in forward gear -- change propeller if necessary ♦ |

### AFTER-WATER TESTING - SERVICE

| ☐ Change crankcase oil and filter |

♦ - Refer to “Specifications - Engine” Chart in this manual.

* - Use only factory approved coolant and fluids.
Specifications

CD11
Seacock

Seacock (water inlet valve) used, must have an internal cross-sectional area equal to or greater than hose to prevent restricting water flow. A 1-1/2 in. (38mm) brass ball or gate valve is minimum required.

Seacock should be installed in an area where it is easily accessible and supported adequately to prevent hose fatigue.

CE14
Seawater Strainer

Seawater Strainer should be provided, and be of sufficient size to ensure that an adequate supply of water will be maintained for cooling engine. A minimum flow rate of 40 gallons (150 litres) per minute is required.

Strainer should be installed in an area where it will be easily accessible for inspection and cleaning. Strainer should be installed in water inlet hose after seacock to allow operator to shut off water inlet when cleaning strainer.

CE15
Fuel Requirements

⚠ WARNING

Electrical system components on this engine are not external ignition protected. DO NOT STORE OR UTILIZE GASOLINE ON BOATS EQUIPPED WITH THESE ENGINES, UNLESS PROVISIONS HAVE BEEN MADE TO EXCLUDE GASOLINE VAPORS FROM ENGINE COMPARTMENT (REF: 33 CFR). Failure to comply could result in fire, explosion and/or severe personal injury.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE HAZARD: Fuel leakage from any part of the fuel system can be a fire hazard which can cause serious bodily injury or death. Careful periodic inspection of entire fuel system is mandatory, particularly after storage. All fuel components including fuel tanks, whether plastic, metal or fiberglass, fuel lines, primers, fittings, and fuel filters should be inspected for leakage, soften, hardening, swelling or corrosion. Any sign of leakage or deterioration requires replacement before further engine operation.

IMPORTANT: Use of improper or water contaminated diesel fuel can damage your engine seriously. Use of improper fuel is considered misuse of engine, and damage caused thereby will not be covered by warranty.

⚠ WARNING

Under 

no circumstances

should gasoline, gasohol and/or alcohol be mixed with diesel fuel for any reason. This mixture of gasoline, gasohol and/or alcohol with diesel fuel is highly flammable and produces a significant risk to the user.

Grade 2-D diesel fuel is required, meeting ASTM Standards D975 (or fuel rated Diesel DIN 51601), and having a minimum cetane rating of 45.

The Cetane number is a measure of the ignition quality of diesel fuel. Increasing the cetane number will not improve overall engine performance, but it may be necessary to raise the cetane rating for low temperature, or high altitude use. A lower cetane number could cause hard starting and slower warm-up, and could increase engine noise and exhaust emissions.

NOTE: If your engine suddenly becomes noisy after a fuel fill, you possibly received substandard fuel with a low cetane rating.

Sulphur content of the above fuel is rated at 0.50% by weight, maximum (ASTM). Limits may vary in countries outside of the United States.
On intermittent use engines, high sulphur content diesel fuel will greatly increase:

- Corrosion on metal parts.
- Deterioration of elastomer and plastic parts.
- Corrosion and extensive damage, and excessive wear of internal engine parts, particularly bearings.
- Starting and operating difficulties.

**CE16**  
**Diesel Fuel In Cold Weather**

Unaltered diesel fuels thicken and “gel” in cold temperatures, unless treated. Virtually all diesel fuels are “clima-
tized” to allow their use in the particular region for that time of the year. If it becomes necessary to further treat diesel fuel, it is the owner/operator’s responsibility to add a commercial “standard brand” “anti-gel” diesel fuel additive, following that product’s directions.

**CD243**  
**Crankcase Oil**

To help obtain optimum engine performance and to provide maximum protection, the engine requires engine oil with rating of HD-SAE-API-SG/CD, and conforming to or exceeding military specifications of MIL-2104 D.

**We strongly recommend the use of QUIKSLIVER 4-Cycle Marine Engine Oil, a specially blended 25W-40 SG/CD oil with Marine Additives, for all temperature operations.**

### RECOMMENDED OILS FOR D4.2L/220 ENGINES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TEMPERATURE OPERATION - USE 15W-40 CD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>These oils, approved by Mercury Marine and Marine Power Europe, exceed MIL-2104 D standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AGIP SIGMA TURBO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHELL MYRINA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOPAR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### RECOMMENDED OILS FOR D3.6L/180 ENGINES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TEMPERATURE OPERATION - USE 15W-40 CD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>These oils, approved by Mercury Marine and Marine Power Europe, exceed MIL-2104 D standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AGIP SIGMA TURBO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARAL OL P 327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUTOL VALVE-SHP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AVIATICON TURBO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP VANELUS C3 EXTRA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALTEX RPM DELO 450 OIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASTROL TURBOMAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CENTURY SHPD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Engine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>SPECIFICATION MIE ( Inboard )</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft Horsepower (Kilowatts) ¹</td>
<td>D3.6L/180 180 ( 134 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propeller Shaft Horsepower (Kilowatts) ¹</td>
<td>180 ( 134 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Type</td>
<td>In-Line 6 Cylinder Diesel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement</td>
<td>219 cu. in. ( 3.6 L )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firing Order</td>
<td>1-5-3-6-2-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bore</td>
<td>3.622 in. ( 92mm )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke</td>
<td>3.543 in. ( 90mm )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression Ratio</td>
<td>22 : 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve Clearance ( Intake / Exhaust )</td>
<td>.012 in. ( 0.30 mm )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Pressure Difference Between Cyl.</td>
<td>72 PSI ( 500 kPa )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Governed WOT RPM</td>
<td>4300 ± 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum WOT RPM</td>
<td>3800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idle RPM in Forward Gear</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Pressure:</td>
<td>750 RPM 22-36 PSI [ 1.5 - 2.5 bar ( 152-248 kPa ) ]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3600 RPM 50-58 PSI [ 3.5 - 4 bar ( 345-400 kPa ) ]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Temperature</td>
<td>212° - 230° F ( 100° - 110° C )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostats:</td>
<td>Water: 1 at temperature: 160° F ( 70° C )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>( 2 Total ) 1 at temperature: 180° F ( 82° C )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oil: ( 1 Total ) 195° F ( 90° C )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant Temperature</td>
<td>176° - 185° F ( 80° - 85° C )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical System</td>
<td>12-volt Negative ( - ) Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternator Rating</td>
<td>949W, 14.6v, 65A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended Battery Capacity Rating</td>
<td>750 cca, 950 mca, or 180Ah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starter ( Bosch )</td>
<td>12v, 2.7 kW</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Power rated in accordance with NMMA Procedure - ISO 3046 (Technically Identical to ICOMIA 28-83).
### Capacities

**NOTE:** All measurements given in US Quarts (Liters).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>SPECIFICATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>MIE (Inboard)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3.6L/180</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D4.2L / 220</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Oil-Filling Capacity</strong> 1</td>
<td>10-1/2 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Drainage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From oil pan</td>
<td>8-1/2 (8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From oil filter</td>
<td>1 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From oil cooler</td>
<td>1 (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission - Hurth 8° Down Angle 1</td>
<td>4-1/4 (4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission - Hurth V-Drive 1</td>
<td>5 (4-3/4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closed Cooling Circuit</td>
<td>12-3/4 (12)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Always use dipstick to determine exact quantity of oil or fluid required.

### Required Coolant: Quicksilver Premixed Marine Engine Coolant

**IMPORTANT:** This contains special low silicate ethylene glycol, special additives, and purified water. Use of other coolant may cause fouling of the heat exchangers, and overheating of the engine.


Operation

Quicksilver Instruments and Instrumentation

Shown is the basic Quicksilver instrumentation and engine system monitor display for the Diesel Power Package. The instrumentation shown is required for safe operation of boat and engine. Operator should become familiar with all instrumentation before operating the engines.

Gauges and engine system monitor panel may be individually mounted, or collectively mounted in the optional single panel available from Quicksilver.

**NOTE:** Refer to manufacturer’s instructions and explanations about instrumentation, if equipped with other than Quicksilver instrumentation.

1 Oil Pressure Gauge - indicates engine oil pressure. Refer to “Specifications” for normal operating readings.

2 Tachometer - indicates engine speed (RPM).

3 Coolant Temperature Gauge - indicates engine coolant temperature. Refer to “Specifications” for normal operating readings.

4 Cruise Log (Engine Hour Meter) - records engine running time.

5 Voltmeter - indicates battery voltage, and if alternator and charging circuit are functioning properly. The green area on the gauge is the normal operating range.

6 Audio Warning Buzzer Standard Features - Buzzer sounds if:
   - Cooling system temperature too high
   - Oil pressure is too low
   - Transmission fluid temperature is excessive

7 Key Switch - has three positions; in the “OFF” position, all electrical circuits are off and engine cannot be started. In the “RUN” position, all electrical circuits, indicator lamps, automatic preheating and all instrumentation is operational. In the “START” position the engine can be started. Also, if engine is running the key switch cannot be used to stop engine. The engine can only be stopped by using the Engine Stop Switch.

8 Engine Stop Switch - is used to stop the engine. This is done by electrically shutting off the fuel delivery system. Stop switch is toggled “DOWN” and held until engine stops completely.

**NOTE:** Key can only be removed in the “OFF” position.
1 Engine System Monitor Features - The appropriate light functions as follows:

A **Preheat Indicator Lamp** - lights up when the glow plugs are preheating the combustion chambers. The light stays on until the preheat period is complete. The timed preheat period begins when the key switch is turned on, and then, only when the engine is cold. **THE ENGINE CAN BE STARTED ONLY AFTER THE LIGHT GOES OUT.**

B **Charge Indicator Lamp** - indicates a problem with charging system if lamp illuminates while engine is running. Lamp will light when key switch is “ON” and engine is not running. When engine starts, light should go off.

C **Oil Pressure Warning Lamp** - indicates low engine oil pressure if lamp illuminates while engine is running.

D **Coolant Temperature Warning Lamp** - indicates excessive engine coolant temperature if lamp illuminates while engine is running, or transmission fluid temperature is too high (See the following note).

**NOTE:** The coolant temperature warning lamp is wired in a parallel circuit with the transmission temperature switch. If lamp illuminates while engine is running, and coolant temperature and coolant level are normal, this may be an indication of excessive transmission temperature. The cause should be determined and corrected.

2 **Panel Lights/Audio Test Switch** - has three positions; in the normal position all electrical circuits operate in a standard fashion (as described above). With switch toggled “UP” the instrumentation lights are all illuminated. When the switch is toggled “DOWN” the audio warning buzzer will sound allowing the operator to perform a test of the audio warning buzzer.

3 **20 Amp Fuse and Holder** - located in-line on key switch RED/PURPLE wire and protects the Instrumentation and wiring should an electrical overload occur. If an overload occurs, the fuse will burn out. Check “blown” (burned) fuse if key is turned to RUN or START and nothing happens.

**IMPORTANT:** Cause for overload must be determined and corrected before attempting to install new fuse or fuse failure will occur again.

After cause is corrected, install new fuse and check systems to function.
Electrical System Overload Protection

If an electrical overload occurs, a fuse will blow or a circuit breaker will trip open.

**IMPORTANT: The cause must be found and corrected before replacing fuse or resetting circuit breaker.**

1. Two 60 amp circuit breakers provide protection for engine wiring harness and instrumentation power lead. Reset by pushing RESET button IN (on outside).

In an emergency, when engine must be operated and cause for high current draw cannot be located and corrected, turn OFF or disconnect all accessories connected to engine and instrumentation wiring. Reset circuit breaker. If breaker remains open, electrical overload has not been eliminated. Further checks must be made on electrical system.

2. When equipped with Quicksilver instrumentation and wiring a 20 amp fuse and holder is located in-line on key switch RED/PURPLE wire and protects the Instrumentation and wiring should an electrical overload occur. If an overload occurs, the fuse will burn out. Check “blown” (burned) fuse if key is turned to RUN or START and instruments do not work and/or if switches do not function.
Remote Controls (Panel Mounted)

Your boat may be equipped with one of many Quicksilver® remote controls available. All controls feature an integral safety switch that allows starting engine in NEUTRAL only. Also, all controls may not have all features shown.

**NOTE:** If boat is equipped with a remote control other than shown, consult your dealer for a description and/or demonstration of the control.

1. **Neutral Lock Bar** - Prevents accidental shift and throttle engagement. Neutral lock bar must be pulled “Up” to move the control handle out of neutral.

2. **Throttle Only Button** - Allows engine throttle advancement without shifting the engine. This is done by disengaging the shift mechanism from the control handle. The throttle only button can be depressed only when the remote control handle is in the “Neutral” position, and should only be used to assist in starting the engine.

3. **Lanyard Stop Switch** - Turns ignition “Off” whenever the operator (when attached to the lanyard) moves far enough away from the operator’s position to activate the switch. See “Lanyard Stop Switch” at the front of this manual for safety warning on the use of this switch.

4. **Control Handle Tension Adjustment Screw** - This screw can be adjusted to “Increase” or “Decrease” the tension on the control handle. This will help prevent “Creep” of the remote control handle. Turn screw “Clockwise” to increase tension and “Counterclockwise” to decrease tension. Adjust to tension desired.

5. **Control Handle** - Operation of the shift and throttle are controlled by the movement of the control handle. “Push” the control handle forward from “Neutral” with a quick firm motion to the first detent for “Forward” gear. Continue pushing forward to increase speed. Pull the control handle back from “Neutral” with a quick firm motion to the first detent for “Reverse” gear. Continue pushing back to increase speed.

Remote Controls (Two Lever)

Your boat may be equipped with one of many Quicksilver® remote controls available. All controls feature an integral safety switch that allows starting engine in NEUTRAL only. Also, all controls may not have all features shown.

**NOTE:** If boat is equipped with a remote control other than shown, consult your dealer for a description and/or demonstration of the control.

6. **Shift Lever** - shifts unit into gear with full lever movement. Move lever forward to shift to FORWARD gear. Move lever backward to shift to REVERSE gear. Lever in full vertical position shifts to NEUTRAL.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Never shift unit into or out of gear unless throttle lever is at idle RPM.

7. **Throttle Lever** - allows engine RPM to be increased or decreased.

8. **Friction Screw** - adjusts control handle friction so motor speed can be set and driver does not have to hold handle.

   Turn screw clockwise to increase friction. Do not thread screw all the way out.

9. **Detent Screw** - controls the effort needed to move control handle out of NEUTRAL. To increase tension, turn screw clockwise; to decrease, turn screw counterclockwise. Do not thread screw all the way out.

**IMPORTANT:** Boats equipped with dual power packages may have both shift levers on one control and both throttle levers on the other control.
Remote Controls (Console Mounted)

Your boat may be equipped with one of many Quicksilver® remote controls available. All controls feature an integral safety switch that allows starting engine in NEUTRAL only. Also, all controls may not have all features shown.

**NOTE:** If boat is equipped with a remote control other than shown, consult your dealer for a description and/or demonstration of the control.

1. **Throttle Only Button** - Allows engine throttle advancement without shifting the engine. This is done by disengaging the shift mechanism from the control handle. The throttle only button can be depressed only when the remote control handle is in the “Neutral” position, and should only be used to assist in starting the engine.

2. **Control Handle Tension Adjustment Screw** - This screw can be adjusted to “Increase” or “Decrease” the tension on the control handle (cover must be removed to adjust). This will help prevent “Creep” of the remote control handle. Turn screw “Clockwise” to increase tension and “Counterclockwise” to decrease tension. Adjust to tension desired.

3. **Control Handle(s)** - Operation of the the shift and throttle are controlled by the movement of the control handle. “Push” the control handle forward from “Neutral” with a quick firm motion to the first detent for “Forward” gear. Continue pushing forward to increase speed. Pull the control handle back from “Neutral” with a quick firm motion to the first detent for “Reverse” gear. Continue pushing back to increase speed.
Starting And Stopping

⚠️ WARNING

Do not use volatile starting aids, such as Ether, Propane, or Gasoline in the engine air intake system. Explosion hazard resulting from ignition of vapors by glow plugs could cause severe personal injury and engine damage.

⚠️ CAUTION

It is good practice to ventilate the engine compartment prior to servicing any engine components to remove any fuel vapors which may cause difficulty breathing or be an irritant.

IMPORTANT: Never operate the starter motor longer than 15 seconds at a time, to avoid overheating the starter motor. If engine does not start, wait 1 minute to allow the starter motor to cool; then, repeat starting procedure.

IMPORTANT: After not having been operated for two months or longer, it is necessary to pre-lubricate the engine. To do this, hold the “STOP” switch toggle lever DOWN while you simultaneously turn the key switch to “START” position for 15 seconds. This will rotate the starter motor and engine/oil pump. During this process the engine will not run because no fuel is injected. Allow the starter motor to cool down for one minute and repeat the above described process. To avoid overheating the starter motor, do not engage starter motor for more than 15 seconds each time.

1 Pre-lubricate engine and turbocharger, if necessary. Refer to above “Important” information.

NOTE: There are remote cable kits available for use with the cold start lever. See your authorized MerCruiser Dealer for these kits.

2 Cold Start Lever - located on the injection pump is used to aid in starting when the temperature is below 50°F (10°C). This is done by moving lever in direction shown. Lever should be reset as soon as engine starts and idles smoothly.

3 If engine has not been run for a period of time and will not readily start with the standard starting procedure, there is a hand pump/primer lever located on the fuel pump. Move lever on fuel pump up and down four or five strokes. Attempt to start engine following normal procedure.

4 Mechanical Engine Stop Lever - located on the injection pump is used to manually shut off engine by cutting off the fuel supply. It can be engaged by moving the lever in the direction shown.
STARTING COLD ENGINE

IMPORTANT: Always check all fluid levels before starting engine. Refer to Maintenance Chart.

1. Turn on and run engine compartment bilge blower (if so equipped) for five minutes. Or, open engine hatch to air out bilge before attempting to start engine(s).
2. Pre-lubricate engine, if required. Refer to “Starting, Shifting, and Stopping” as previously outlined.
3. Set “Cold Start Lever” if temperature is below 50°F (10°C). Reset when engine idles smoothly.
4. Turn key switch to the “RUN” position, and observe preheat indicator lamp. When cylinder temperature is great enough to sustain combustion, the preheat lamp will cease to be lighted and the engine can be started.

**NOTE:** Engine can be started when the preheat indicator lamp is not lighted.

5. Turn key switch to “START” position and release when engine fires. Check to ensure charge indicator and oil pressure warning lamps go out.

---

**CAUTION**

Improper or no warm-up of engine can seriously impair the life of your diesel engine.

6. Run engine at Idle RPM until engine temperature is within normal operating range.

---

**CAUTION**

Never attempt to shift unit unless engine is at idle RPM. Damage to drive unit could occur.

7. Check to ensure all instrumentation is functioning properly and indicating normal readings.

---

STARTING WARM ENGINE

1. Turn on and run engine compartment bilge blower for five minutes (if so equipped). Or, open engine hatch to air out bilge before attempting to start engine(s).
2. Turn key switch to the “RUN” position.
3. Turn key switch to “START” position and release when engine fires. Check to ensure charge indicator and oil pressure warning lamps go out.

---

**CAUTION**

Improper or no warm-up of engine can seriously impair the life of your diesel engine.

4. Check to ensure all instrumentation is functioning properly and indicating normal readings.

---

ENGINE SHUT-DOWN

1. Place remote control lever in “Neutral.”
2. Run engine at idle speed for several minutes to allow engine to cool down.
3. Toggle STOP switch “Down” and hold, until engine stops completely.
4. Turn key switch to the “OFF” position.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STARTING PROCEDURE</th>
<th>AFTER STARTING</th>
<th>WHILE UNDERWAY</th>
<th>STOPPING &amp; SHUT DOWN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Open engine hatch. Air out bilge completely.</td>
<td>Observe all gauges and warning lights to check condition of engine. If not normal, stop engine.</td>
<td>Frequently observe all gauges and indicator lights to monitor engine condition.</td>
<td>Shift remote control lever to neutral position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn battery switch ON, if so equipped.</td>
<td>Check for fuel, oil, water, fluid, and exhaust leaks, etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Run engine at idle speed several minutes to allow it to cool down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn on and run engine compartment bilge blower, if so equipped, for five minutes.</td>
<td>Check shift and throttle control operation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Toggle STOP switch “Down” and hold, until engine completely stops.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check for leaks - fuel, oil, water, fluid, etc.</td>
<td>Check steering operation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Turn key switch to OFF position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open fuel shut-off valve, if so equipped.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Turn battery switch off, if so equipped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open seacock, if so equipped.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Close fuel shut-off valve, if so equipped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that mechanical engine-stop lever is not engaged.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Close seacock, if so equipped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prime fuel injection system, if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flush seawater cooling circuit, if operating in saltwater area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-lubricate turbocharger and engine, if necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn key switch to “RUN” and check that lights and indicator lamps come on.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn key switch to “START”, AFTER pre-heater indicator lamp has gone out. Release key when engine starts.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that charge indicator and oil pressure indicator lamps go out AFTER engine starts.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warm-up engine at idle RPM for several minutes.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General Maintenance Information

**WARNING**
Always disconnect battery cables from battery before working around electrical system components to prevent injury to yourself or damage to electrical system.

**WARNING**
Always disconnect battery cables from battery BEFORE working on fuel system to prevent fire. This eliminates the engine wiring as a potential source of ignition.

**IMPORTANT:** Refer to MAINTENANCE CHART for complete listing of all scheduled maintenance to be performed. Some listings can be done by owner/operator, while others should be performed by an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer. Before attempting maintenance or repair procedures not covered in this manual, it is recommended that a MerCruiser Service Manual(s) be purchased and read thoroughly.

**Maintenance Aids**

2. All pivot points - SAE 30W motor oil.
3. All Exterior Surfaces - Quicksilver Primer and Spray Paint, as needed, and Quicksilver Corrosion Guard.
4. Crankcase Oil - API rating of CD required. (Refer to “Specifications” for list of approved oils.)
5. Closed Cooling System Coolant - use ONLY Quicksilver Premixed Marine Engine Coolant.
**Maintenance Schedules**

**WARNING**
Always disconnect battery cables from battery BEFORE working around electrical system components to prevent injury to yourself or damage to electrical system should a wire be accidentally shorted.

**SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE TO BE PERFORMED BY OWNER/OPERATOR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REQUIRED SERVICE</th>
<th>TIME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check engine oil level.</td>
<td>Before Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check transmission fluid level.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check closed coolant level.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check water pickups for marine growth or debris.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drain fuel filter.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check/Clean seawater strainer.</td>
<td>Before Operation/Clean As Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flush seawater section of cooling system.</td>
<td>Saltwater Use: After Each Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean air filter.</td>
<td>Every 50 Hours of Operation, or As Conditions Require</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspect condition and check tension of drive belts.</td>
<td>Every 50 Hours of Operation or 60 Days - Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replace fuel filter.</td>
<td>Every 100 Hours of Operation or Once a Year, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change air filter.</td>
<td>Every 200 Hours of Operation, or Once a Year, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Sacrificial Anode (in heat exchanger) - Replace when over 50% eroded.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Sacrificial Anode (in intercooler) - Replace when over 50% eroded.</td>
<td>Once a Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spray power package exterior surfaces with Quicksilver Corrosion Guard.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean and paint power package exterior surfaces.</td>
<td>As Necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check battery fluid level.</td>
<td>Refer to Battery Manufacturer Specifications</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE TO BE PERFORMED BY DEALER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REQUIRED SERVICE</th>
<th>TIME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20 Hour Checkup (See NOTE 1)</td>
<td>After First 20 Hours, but Not Later Than 50 Hours of Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retorque cylinder heads.</td>
<td>After First 100 Hours of Operation or First Operating Season, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change engine oil and filter.</td>
<td>After 20-Hour Break-In Period, then, for Pleasurecraft Use: Every 100 Hours of Use or 120 Days, Whichever Occurs First and for Light Duty Use: Every 50 Hours of Use or 60 Days, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check engine alignment and mounting hardware.</td>
<td>Every 100 Hours of Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change transmission fluid.</td>
<td>Every 200 Hours of Operation or Once a Year, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean, inspect and test closed cooling system pressure cap.</td>
<td>Every 100 Hours of Operation or Once a Year, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check and adjust idle RPM.</td>
<td>Once a Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replace coolant (using only Quicksilver Premixed Marine Engine Coolant).</td>
<td>Every 200 Hours of Operation or Once a Year, Whichever Occurs First</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean heat exchangers.</td>
<td>Every 500 Hours of Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean aftercooler core.</td>
<td>Every 1000 Hours of Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replace drive belts.</td>
<td>At Least Once Yearly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspect cooling system hoses and clamps.</td>
<td>Saltwater use: Every 50 Hours of Operation or 60 Days, Whichever Occurs First. freshwater use: Every 100 Hours of Operation or 120 Days, Whichever Occurs First.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Externally inspect exhaust system and clamps.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspect shift/throttle cables and linkage and lubricate.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check electrical system for loose or damaged wiring.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean fuel tank.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disassemble and inspect seawater pump.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE 1: For a list of 20 Hour Checkup maintenance items to be performed, see “IMPORTANT INFORMATION” section of this manual.
Checking Fluid Levels

CRANKCASE OIL

⚠️ CAUTION
Avoid possible injury or damage to oil dipstick and internal engine components. Do not remove crankcase oil dipstick when engine is running. Stop the engine completely before removing or inserting dipstick.

Check engine oil daily before first start-up.

If it becomes necessary to check oil level during operation, stop engine and allow 5 minutes for oil to drain into pan.

1. Remove dipstick. Wipe clean and reinstall into dipstick tube.
2. Remove dipstick and observe oil level. Oil must be between MIN and MAX marks on dipstick. If necessary, add oil as follows.
3. Remove oil filler cap. Add specified oil to bring level up to, but not over, “MAX” mark on dipstick. Reinstall oil filler cap.

ENGINE COOLANT

4. Before starting engine, check coolant level in coolant recovery bottle. Coolant level must be between the “ADD” and “FULL” marks (on front of bottle). If level is low, remove fill cap from coolant recovery bottle and add specified coolant as required. Refer to “Specifications” for proper coolant.

⚠️ WARNING
Do not remove coolant tank cap when engine is hot. Coolant may discharge violently, causing severe burns.

5. If coolant level in coolant recovery bottle was low:
   • Inspect coolant recovery system for leaks.
   • Inspect coolant tank cap gaskets for damage and replace if necessary.
   • Also, the tank cap maintains pressure on the coolant tank. It may not be holding pressure properly. To have cap tested, contact your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.

⚠️ CAUTION
If the coolant should get extremely low and the engine very hot, let the engine cool for approximately 15 minutes before adding coolant; then, with the engine running, add coolant slowly. Adding cold coolant to a hot engine may crack the cylinder head or crankcase. Never use water alone.

6. Periodically, to ensure that coolant recovery system is functioning properly, you should allow engine to cool and then slowly and carefully remove coolant tank cap. Coolant level must be to the bottom edge of the tank filler neck. If coolant is low, add specified coolant as necessary to bring up to proper level. Refer to items 1 and 2 above.

TRANSMISSION FLUID

7. Dipstick has neoprene seal - twist and pull to remove. Push handle down and seat fully; to check fluid level. Fluid must be between marks A and B on dipstick.

A. MAXIMUM Fluid Level - top line. Fill to this level; do not overfill.
B. MINIMUM Fluid Level - do not allow fluid level to drop below this line.
Changing Fluids

See MAINTENANCE CHART for lubricant change interval. Lubricant should be changed before placing boat in storage.

Coolant in closed cooling system should be changed at specified intervals by your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.

CRANKCASE OIL AND FILTER

IMPORTANT: Change oil when engine is warm from operation. Warm oil flows more freely, carrying away more impurities. Use only recommended motor oil (see SPECIFICATIONS).

1. Start engine and allow it to warm up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine and allow some time for oil to drain into oil pan (approximately 5 minutes).
3. Remove fitting (A) from end of crankcase oil drain hose (B) laying on top of engine.
4. Install crankcase oil pump [A (Quicksilver Part Number 90265A2)] onto threaded fitting (B) of oil drain hose.
5. Pump oil out of crankcase into drain pan. When crankcase is empty, remove pump and reinstall crankcase oil drain hose fitting. Tighten securely.
6. Remove and discard oil filter and sealing ring. Coat sealing ring on new filter with oil and install filter. Hand tighten only, do not use a filter wrench.
7. Remove oil fill cap and refill engine with new oil (refer to “Specifications” for quantity and grade of oil).

IMPORTANT: When refilling engine with oil always use dipstick to determine how much oil is required.

⚠️ CAUTION

Avoid possible injury, or damage to oil dipstick and internal engine components. Do not remove crankcase oil dipstick when engine is running. Stop the engine completely before removing or inserting dipstick.

IMPORTANT: After oil change, pre-lubricate turbocharger and engine. To do this, move the “STOP” switch toggle lever DOWN and hold in this position while you turn the key switch to “START” position. Doing this TOGETHER turns the engine without starting it. DO NOT engage starter for more than 15 seconds; allow at least one minute cool down time before re-engaging starter for another 15 seconds. Watch that starter does not overheat.
Air Filter Cleaning/Replacement

1 Disconnect crankcase vent hose (A) from end of air cleaner. Carefully remove air cleaner foam element (B) from around air intake screen housing (C) mounted on turbocharger inlet. Wash foam element in warm water and detergent until clean.

⚠️ CAUTION

Avoid potential fire hazards and personal injury, or damage to polyester foam element. Do not clean foam element in petroleum based solvents or cleaners.

IMPORTANT: No treatment (such as partial oil saturation) is required or recommended on air cleaner foam element prior to use. Use element clean and dry for proper filtration.

Allow element to completely dry before use and install around air intake screen. Replace the foam element if it is deteriorated or torn. (Refer to MAINTENANCE - “Maintenance Chart” for replacement interval under normal conditions.)

IMPORTANT: To prevent unfiltered air from entering the engine be certain that all of the air intake screen is covered by the foam element when installed.

Drive Belts - Inspection/Tension/Replacement

If any drive belts need replacement or tension needs adjustment, see your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.

⚠️ WARNING

Make sure engine is shut off and ignition key is removed before inspecting belts.

2 All drive belts must be periodically inspected for tension and condition (excessive wear or damage).

NOTE: D4.2L/220 engine shown, D3.6L/180 similar.

Perform an inspection of the following belt:

A Alternator Belt/Water Circulating Pump Belt

3 Check belt tension by depressing upper strand of belt(s) at point shown. Approximately 3/16 inch (5 mm) deflection should be measured at midpoint between the pulleys on the longest span.

ALTERNATOR BELT

⚠️ CAUTION

When replacing alternator belt, close seacock, if so equipped. If boat is not equipped with a seacock, remove and plug seawater inlet hose to prevent a siphoning action that may occur, allowing seawater to flow from drain holes or removed hoses.

4 Close seacock, if so equipped, or plug seawater inlet hose. Remove seawater hoses at seawater pump.

5 Loosen mounting bolt (A). Loosen nut and tensioning bolt (B). Move alternator. Remove old belt and install new belt. Adjust belt tension (refer to item 3). When tension is correct, retighten all fasteners securely. Reconnect seawater hoses to seawater pump. Tighten hose clamps securely. Open seacock, if so equipped, or remove plug from seawater inlet hose and reconnect hose. Tighten hose clamps securely.
Cleaning Quicksilver Seawater Strainer

NOTE: Refer to manufacturers instructions if equipped with other than a Quicksilver seawater strainer.

CAUTION

When cleaning seawater strainer, close seacock, if so equipped. If boat is not equipped with a seacock, remove and plug seawater inlet hose to prevent a siphoning action that may occur, allowing seawater to flow from the drain holes or removed hoses.

1 With engine off, close seacock if so equipped, or remove and plug seawater inlet hose. Remove 2 screws and washers (A), and cover (B). Remove strainer (C), and drain plug and washer (D), and clean any debris from strainer housing; flush both strainer and housing (E) with clean water. Check gasket (F) - replace when necessary (if it leaks). Reinstall drain plug and washer. Reattach cover with screws and washers. Prior to starting engine, open seacock if so equipped, or remove plug from seawater inlet hose and reconnect. Tighten hose clamps securely. After starting engine, check for leaks, and/or air in system (which would indicate an external leak).

Lubrication

SHIFT CABLE
2 Lubricate pivot points with SAE 30W motor oil.

THROTTLE CABLE
3 Lubricate pivot points with SAE 30W motor oil.

Seawater Pump Impeller

This maintenance should be performed by an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.
4 Seawater pump impeller should be inspected whenever insufficient seawater flow is suspected (if operating temperature exceeds normal range).

Flushing Fuel Tank

5 Flush and clean diesel fuel tank (every 1000 hours, maximum) following boat manufacturer’s instructions.
Flushing Seawater Cooling System

To prevent silt and/or salt buildup in the seawater circuit of cooling system, flush with freshwater at specified intervals.

⚠️ CAUTION

When flushing seawater cooling system, close seacock, if so equipped. If boat is not equipped with a seacock, remove and plug seawater inlet hose to prevent a siphoning action that may occur, allowing seawater to flow from the drain holes or removed hoses.

⚠️ WARNING

When flushing, be certain the area around propeller is clear, and no one is standing nearby. To avoid possible injury, remove propeller.

⚠️ CAUTION

Do not run engine above 1500 RPM when flushing. Suction created by seawater pickup pump may collapse flushing hose, causing engine to overheat.

⚠️ CAUTION

Watch temperature gauge on dash to ensure that engine does not overheat.

⚠️ CAUTION

If boat is in the water, or is to remain in the water, seacock, if so equipped, must be closed until engine is to be restarted, to prevent contaminated water from flowing back into cooling system. If boat is not fitted with a seacock, water inlet hose must be disconnected and plugged to prevent contaminated water from flowing into cooling system and/or boat. As a precautionary measure, attach a tag to the ignition switch warning that the seacock must be opened or the water inlet hose reconnected prior to starting the engine.

1 Close seacock, if so equipped, or disconnect and plug seawater inlet hose. Disconnect water inlet hose from seawater pickup pump connection. Using appropriate flushing adaptor, connect water hose between adaptor and water tap. Partially open water tap (about 1/2 maximum).

2 Place remote control in NEUTRAL, idle speed position and start engine. Operate engine at idle speed, in NEUTRAL, for about 10 minutes, or until discharge water is clear. Stop engine. Shut off water, remove flushing adaptor from seawater pump inlet hose connection and reconnect water inlet hose. Tighten hose clamp securely.

3 The closed cooling section of cooling system that contains coolant does not need to be flushed. Coolant is changed at specified intervals. Refer to “Maintenance Chart.”
Fuel System

⚠️ CAUTION

Absolute cleanliness is required for work on the fuel system, since the injection pump and fuel injectors have very close tolerances. Even minute particles of dirt or small amounts of water can impair the function of the fuel injection system.

FUEL TANK

IMPORTANT: Diesel fuel should not be left in tank during winter storage, as an accumulation of rust, sludge and wax residue will form.

1. Fuel tank should be cleaned at specified intervals. Refer to boat manufacturer’s instructions.

HAND PUMP/PRIMER

2. A plunger-type of hand pump/primer is located on the fuel filter bracket and is used to: (1) refill fuel system if system was run dry; (2) refill fuel filter when changing filter; or (3) to prime the fuel system if engine has not been run for a while.

To operate the hand pump/primer, move the plunger (upper portion) up and down as needed.

PRIMING FUEL SYSTEM

Prime engine if it has not been run for a while or if engine will not start. Move the hand pump/primer plunger up and down several times as previously outlined. Attempt to start engine.

FILLING FUEL FILTER

3. Loosen bleed screw on fuel filter bracket. As previously outlined, move plunger on hand pump/primer up and down repeatedly, until an air free stream of fuel flows from bleed screw. Filter is full when this occurs. Tighten bleed screw.

FILLING (BLEEDING) FUEL SYSTEM

4. Loosen, DO NOT REMOVE, bleed screw on fuel injection pump (located between fuel line connection fittings on injection pump). Continue to repeatedly move plunger on hand pump/primer, until an air-free stream of fuel flows from injection pump bleed screw. Tighten bleed screw.

DRAINING WATER SEPARATING FUEL FILTER

⚠️ WARNING

Be careful when draining water separating fuel filter. Diesel fuel is flammable. Be sure ignition key is OFF. Do not allow fuel to contact any hot surfaces which may cause it to ignite. Do not allow sources of open flame in the area. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately. Dispose of fuel soaked rags, paper, etc. in an appropriate air tight, fire retardant container. Fuel soaked items may spontaneously ignite and result in a fire hazard which could cause serious bodily injury or death.

5. The filter (A) can be drained of water and small dirt particles by opening drain cock at bottom of filter. Open by turning the drain (B) counterclockwise (as viewed from the bottom of the filter). Drain until fuel is clear in appearance. Close drain by turning clockwise. Tighten securely. Fill fuel filter as previously outlined.

NOTE: To ensure complete draining, in warm weather open the water bleed valve before starting daily operations. In cold weather, where there is a possibility that the condensed water will freeze, drain the filter shortly after the end of daily operations.
REPLACING WATER SEPARATING FUEL FILTER

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️

Any water entering the fuel injection system will disable the system. Check for water in water separating fuel filter before startup, daily.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️

If water should enter the fuel injection system, take unit to an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer IMMEDIATELY, so that corrosion and rusting of the injectors and other components can be avoided.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️

Be careful when changing water separating fuel filter. Diesel fuel is flammable. Be sure ignition key is OFF. Do not allow fuel to contact any hot surfaces which may cause it to ignite. Do not allow sources of open flame in the area. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately. Dispose of fuel soaked rags, paper, etc. in an appropriate air tight, fire retardant container. Fuel soaked items may spontaneously ignite and result in a fire hazard which could cause serious bodily injury or death.

1 Replace as follows:
   • Remove, and discard, water separating fuel filter (A) and sealing ring (B) from mounting bracket (C).
   • Coat sealing ring on new filter with clean motor oil.
   • Thread filter onto bracket and tighten securely by hand. Do not use a filter wrench.
   • Check that bottom drain cap (D) is securely tightened. Fill fuel filter as explained previously.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️

Make sure no leaks exist before closing engine hatch.

   • Start and run engine. Check filter connection for fuel leaks. If leaks exist, recheck filter installation. If leaks continue, stop engine immediately and contact your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.

CD119
Corrosion And Corrosion Protection

INTERNAL COMPONENTS

2 There are anodes as part of the intercooler and heat exchanger systems, which serve as sacrificial anodes. Replace when eroded more than 50%; check at least once yearly.
   A Length When New - 3/4 in. (19mm)
   B Diameter When New - 5/8 in. (15mm)
Miscellaneous Maintenance

Battery

1 All lead acid batteries discharge when not in use. Recharge every 30 to 45 days, or when specific gravity drops below battery manufacturer’s specifications.

Refer to specific instructions and warnings accompanying your battery. If this information is not available, observe the following precautions when handling a battery.

⚠️ WARNING

Do not use jumper cables and a booster battery to start engine. Do not recharge a weak battery in the boat. Remove battery and recharge in a ventilated area away from fuel vapors, sparks or flames.

⚠️ WARNING

Batteries contain acid which can cause severe burns - Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Batteries also produce hydrogen and oxygen gasses when being charged. This explosive gas escapes fill/vent cell caps, and may form an explosive atmosphere around the battery for several hours after it has been charged; sparks or flames can ignite the gas and cause an explosion which may shatter the battery and could cause blindness or other serious injury.

Safety glasses and rubber gloves are recommended when handling batteries or filling with electrolyte. Hydrogen gases that escape from the battery during charging are explosive. When charging batteries, be sure area where batteries are located, is well-vented. Battery electrolyte is a corrosive acid and should be handled with care. If electrolyte is spilled or splashed on any part of the body, immediately flush the exposed area with liberal amounts of water and obtain medical aid as soon as possible.

Bottom Of Boat

2 To maintain maximum speed, the following conditions regarding the boat bottom should be observed:

- Clean, free of barnacles and marine growth.
- Free of distortion, nearly flat where it contacts water.
- Straight and smooth fore and aft.

Antifouling Paints

3 Antifouling Paint - In some areas it may be advisable to paint bottom of boat to help prevent marine growth. See your dealer for recommendations for your boat.

Inspection And Maintenance

4 Inspect and/or maintain the following:

- Inspect power package often, and at regular intervals, to help maintain its top operating performance, and correct potential problems before they occur. The entire power package should be checked carefully including all accessible engine parts.
- Check for loose, damaged or missing parts, hoses and clamps; tighten or replace as required.
- Remove and inspect propeller. If badly nicked, bent or cracked, see your dealer.
- Repair nicks and corrosion damage on power package exterior finish. Use Quicksilver spray paints - see your Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.
- Spray power package components on inside of boat every 2-3 weeks with Quicksilver Corrosion Guard to protect finish from dulling and corrosion. External power package components may also be sprayed.
- All lubrication points (especially steering system, shift and throttle linkages) should be kept well lubricated.
- Flush seawater cooling circuit periodically (preferably after each use).
Cold Weather Or Extended Storage

Power Package Layup

IMPORTANT: MerCruiser strongly recommends that this service should be performed by an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer. Damage caused by freezing IS NOT covered by the MerCruiser Limited Warranty.

⚠️ CAUTION

The engine must be prepared for long storage periods to prevent internal corrosion and severe damage.

IMPORTANT: If boat has already been removed from water, before starting engine a source of water must be supplied to water intake (inlet) openings. Follow all warnings and flushing attachment procedures stated in “FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM”.

⚠️ CAUTION

DO NOT operate engine without water flowing thru seawater pickup pump, as pump impeller may be damaged and subsequent overheating damage to engine or drive unit may result.


⚠️ WARNING

Do not remove coolant cap when engine is hot - coolant may discharge violently.

IMPORTANT: Closed cooling section must be kept filled year-round with the specified coolant.

IMPORTANT: Do not use Propylene Glycol Antifreeze in the closed cooling section of the engine.

IMPORTANT: Drain seawater section of closed cooling system only.

2. Do not open either of these two petcocks. They are in the closed cooling circuit.

NOTE: Refer to the following pages for continuation of specific draining instructions.
Drain seawater section of cooling system and prepare for cold weather or extended storage following these procedures:

**DRAINING INSTRUCTIONS**

**CAUTION**

If boat is to remain in the water, seacock, if so equipped, must remain closed until engine is to be restarted to prevent water from flowing back into seawater cooling system. If boat is not fitted with a seacock, water inlet hose must be disconnected and plugged to prevent water from flowing into cooling system and/or boat. As a precautionary measure, attach a tag to the ignition switch or steering wheel with the warning that the seacock must be opened or the water inlet hose reconnected prior to starting the engine.

**IMPORTANT:** Observe the following information to ensure complete draining of cooling system:

- Engine must be as level as possible.
- A wire should be repeatedly inserted into all drain holes to ensure there are no obstructions in passages.

1. Close seacock, if so equipped, or disconnect and plug seawater inlet hose, if boat is to remain in the water.
2. Remove the end covers (A and B) from BOTH port and starboard ends of upper and lower sections of heat exchanger tank. Drain tank completely. Sponge-out or soak-up any water that remains in the bottom part of each section, until all water passage tubes are completely free of standing water.

**CAUTION**

Avoid damage to heat exchanger and subsequent possible engine damage. Remove all water from heat exchanger sections. Failure to do so could cause corrosion or freeze damage to heat exchanger water passage tubes.

**NOTE:** In the following it may be necessary to lower or bend the hoses to allow water to drain completely.

3. Disconnect seawater outlet hose (B) at aft end of power steering cooler. Lower hose and drain completely.
4. Remove the drain plug (C) from the aft end cover of the intercooler.
5. Remove seawater pump outlet hose (D) from top of seawater pump and drain.
6. Repeatedly clean out drain holes using a stiff piece of wire. Do this until entire system is drained.

**CAUTION**

Avoid water entering boat. Do not unplug seawater inlet hose unless a seacock is present and it is closed.

7. Remove hose(s) at seawater strainer and drain hose(s) completely. Empty seawater strainer. (Refer to MAINTENANCE SECTION - Cleaning Quicksilver Seawater Strainer.) Reconnect hose(s) and tighten hose clamps securely.
8. After seawater section of cooling system has been drained completely, coat threads of intercooler drain plug with Perfect Seal and reinstall. Tighten securely. Reconnect hoses. Tighten hose clamps securely. Install all four end covers (two A’s and two B’s) on the heat exchanger tank (Renew end cover gaskets if worn or deteriorated). Torque the end covers (B) on the upper heat exchanger section to 16 lb. ft. (22 N·m). Torque the end covers (A) on the lower heat exchanger section to 96 lb. in. (11 N·m).
Power Package Layup (Continued)

Dealer should perform the remaining tasks prior to layup:

1. After draining, perform all checks, inspections, lubrication and fluid changes outlined in MAINTENANCE CHART.
2. Clean seawater strainer (refer to MAINTENANCE SECTION).

IMPORTANT: MerCruiser recommends that propylene glycol antifreeze (nontoxic and biodegradable, which makes it friendly to lakes and rivers) be used in seawater section of the cooling system for cold weather or extended storage. Make sure that the propylene glycol antifreeze contains a rust inhibitor and is recommended for use in marine engines. Be certain to follow the propylene glycol manufacturer’s recommendations. Also, check local laws about disposal of the antifreeze solution after use.

3. Fill a container with approximately 6 U.S. quarts (5.6L) of antifreeze and tap water mixed to manufacturer’s recommendation to protect engine to the lowest temperature to which it will be exposed during cold weather or extended storage.
4. Disconnect hose from seawater inlet side of seawater pump. Connect an appropriate length piece of hose to seawater pump and place the other end of the hose into container of coolant.
5. Start engine and run at idle speed until coolant mixture has been pumped into engine seawater system, then stop engine.
6. Reconnect water inlet hose to seawater pump.
7. Clean engine and coat with Quicksilver Corrosion Guard.
8. Lubricate all cables and linkages.
9. Remove and store battery in a cool, dry place. Do not store on a concrete surface, or on the ground. Place on a dry, wood board or a thick plastic base (Refer to battery manufacturer’s instructions.)
10. Remove seawater pump impeller for storage, as follows:
   - Remove seawater pump cover mounting screws, and remove cover (A) and gasket (B).
   - Ease impeller (C) off pump shaft with two screwdrivers.
   - Reinstall cover for storage.

IMPORTANT: Place a CAUTION TAG at instrument panel and in engine compartment stating that “Seawater Pump Impeller is Out - DO NOT Operate Engine.”
IMPORTANT: This service should be performed by an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer.

⚠️ WARNING
To prevent possible injury or damage to equipment, do not install battery until all maintenance has been performed on engine.

1. Check that all cooling system hoses are in good condition, connected properly, and hose clamps are tight.
2. Install seawater pump impeller, as follows:

**NOTE:** D4.2L/220 engine and pump shown, D3.6L/180 similar. Pump shown removed for visual clarity only.

**IMPORTANT:** Use new gasket. Install in correct position - wide surface (D) on side of cam.

- Place impeller (A) in pump and press onto pump shaft firmly.
- Install pump cover (B), with gasket (C), and tighten screws securely.

3. Replace fuel filter.
4. Bleed fuel system (see “MAINTENANCE - FUEL SYSTEM”).

⚠️ CAUTION
When installing battery, be sure to connect POSITIVE (+) battery cable to POSITIVE (+) battery terminal FIRST, and NEGATIVE (−) battery cable to NEGATIVE (−) battery terminal LAST. If battery cables are reversed, or connection order is reversed, electrical system damage will result.

5. Install fully-charged battery. Clean battery cable clamps and terminals and reconnect cables (see CAUTION listed above). Secure each cable clamp when connecting. Coat terminals with a battery terminal anti-corrosion spray to help retard corrosion.
6. Perform all checks on OPERATION CHART in the STARTING PROCEDURE column.

**IMPORTANT:** After not having been operated for two months or longer, it is necessary to pre-lubricate the engine. To do this, hold the “STOP” switch toggle lever DOWN while you simultaneously turn the key switch to “START” position for 15 seconds. This will rotate the starter motor and engine/oil pump. During this process the engine will not run because no fuel is injected. Allow the starter motor to cool down for one minute and repeat the above described process. To avoid overheating the starter motor, do not engage starter motor for more than 15 seconds each time.

7. Pre-lubricate the engine if necessary. Refer to the above “Important Information”. Start engine and closely observe instrumentation to make sure that all systems are functioning correctly.
8. Carefully inspect engine for fuel, oil, fluid, water and exhaust leaks.
9. Check steering system, shift and throttle control for proper operation.
## Troubleshooting

### Starter Motor Will Not Crank Engine, Or Cranks It Very Slowly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Battery switch turned off</td>
<td>• Turn switch on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remote control not in neutral position</td>
<td>• Position control lever in neutral.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Open circuit breaker or blown fuse</td>
<td>• Check and reset circuit breaker or replace fuse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Loose or dirty electrical connections or damaged wiring</td>
<td>• Check all electrical connections and wires (especially battery cables). Clean and tighten faulty connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Bad battery</td>
<td>• Test and replace if bad.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Engine Will Not Start, Or Is Hard To Start

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Improper starting procedure</td>
<td>• Read starting procedure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Empty fuel tank or fuel shutoff valve closed</td>
<td>• Fill tank or open valve.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Faulty fuel pump</td>
<td>• Have pump replaced by an Authorized MerCruiser Dealer, if fuel is present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Throttle not operating properly</td>
<td>• Check throttle for freedom of movement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Faulty electrical stop-circuit</td>
<td>• Have Authorized MerCruiser Dealer service electric stop-circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Clogged fuel filters</td>
<td>• Replace filters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Stale or contaminated fuel</td>
<td>• If contaminated, drain tank. Fill with fresh fuel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fuel line or tank vent line kinked or clogged</td>
<td>• Replace kinked lines or blow out lines with compressed air to remove obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Air in fuel injection system</td>
<td>• Purge fuel injection system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Glow-plugs or glow-plug system inoperative</td>
<td>• Test, and repair or replace components</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Engine Runs Rough,Misses And/Or Backfires

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Throttle not operating properly</td>
<td>• Check throttle linkages for binding or an obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Idle speed too low</td>
<td>• Check idle speed and adjust, if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Clogged fuel or air filters</td>
<td>• Replace filters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Stale or contaminated fuel</td>
<td>• If contaminated, drain tank. Fill with fresh fuel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Kinked or clogged fuel line or fuel tank vent line</td>
<td>• Replace kinked line or blow out line with compressed air to remove obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Air in fuel injection system</td>
<td>• Purge fuel injection system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Troubleshooting

## Poor Performance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Throttle not fully open</td>
<td>Inspect throttle cable and linkages for operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damaged or improper propeller</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive bilge water</td>
<td>Drain and check for cause of entry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boat overloaded or load improperly distributed</td>
<td>Reduce load or redistribute load more evenly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boat bottom fouled or damaged</td>
<td>Clean or repair as necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aneroid device improperly adjusted (If so equipped)</td>
<td>Adjust aneroid device</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Excessive Engine Temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seacock closed, if so equipped</td>
<td>Open.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive belt loose or in poor condition</td>
<td>Replace and/or adjust belt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seawater pickups obstructed</td>
<td>Remove obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faulty thermostat</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant level low in closed cooling section</td>
<td>Check for cause of low coolant level and repair. Fill system with proper coolant solution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat exchanger cores plugged with foreign material</td>
<td>Clean seawater side of water/water heat exchanger, and seawater strainer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss of pressure in closed cooling section</td>
<td>Check for leaks. Clean, inspect and test pressure cap.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closed cooling section dirty</td>
<td>Clean and flush.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faulty seawater pickup pump</td>
<td>Repair.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seawater discharge restricted or plugged</td>
<td>Clean exhaust elbow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seawater inlet hose kinked (restricted)</td>
<td>Position hose to prevent kinking (restriction).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of improperly designed hose on inlet side of seawater pump allowing it to collapse</td>
<td>Replace hose with wire reinforced design.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Insufficient Engine Temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Faulty thermostat</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting

### Low Engine Oil Pressure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insufficient oil in crankcase</td>
<td>Check and add oil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive oil in crankcase (causing it to become aerated)</td>
<td>Check and remove required amount of oil. Check for cause of excessive oil (improper filling, bad fuel pump, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted or improper viscosity oil</td>
<td>Change oil and oil filter, using correct grade and viscosity oil. Determine cause for dilution (excessive idling, faulty fuel pump, etc.).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Battery Will Not Come Up On Charge

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excessive current draw from battery</td>
<td>Turn off non-essential accessories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loose or dirty electrical connections or damaged wiring</td>
<td>Check all associated electrical connections and wires (especially battery cables). Clean and tighten faulty connections. Repair or replace damaged wiring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternator drive belt loose or in poor condition</td>
<td>Replace and/or adjust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unacceptable battery condition</td>
<td>Test battery.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Remote Control Operates Hard, Binds, Has Excessive Free-play Or Makes Unusual Sounds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insufficient lubrication on shift and throttle linkage fasteners</td>
<td>Lubricate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loose or missing shift and throttle linkage fasteners</td>
<td>Check all linkages. If any are loose or missing, see Authorized MerCruiser Dealer immediately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obstruction in shift or throttle linkages</td>
<td>Remove obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shift or throttle cable kinked</td>
<td>Straighten cable, or have dealer replace cable if damaged beyond repair.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Water Flow Diagram

1 - Seawater Inlet (Thru Hull)
2 - Seawater Strainer
3 - Seawater Pump
4 - Intercooler
5 - Engine Oil Cooler
6 - Heat Exchanger (Seawater Circuit)
7 - Transmission Fluid Cooler
8 - Exhaust Pipe Water Jacket
9 - Seawater Outlet (Exhaust)

a - Circulating Pump - Closed Coolant
b - Engine Block - Upper Section of Liners
c - Water Manifold
d - Cylinder Heads
e - Turbocharger
f - Exhaust Manifold
g - Thermostat

SEAWATER COOLING CIRCUIT (RAW WATER)
CLOSED COOLING CIRCUIT (COOLANT)
NOTE 1: Wires - Not Used On MIE Engines

NOTE 2: Spare Wire – Not Used

NOTE 3: GRAY wire may be connected to alternator “AC” terminal for tachometer signal. If connected in this manner, the GRAY and BLACK wire terminal ends at the Magnetic Pickup (Item 7) MUST be disconnected and protected with at least two layers of electrical tape.
1 - Oil Pressure
2 - Tachometer
3 - Wires Not Used
   (See NOTE 1.)
4 - Coolant Temperature
5 - Voltmeter
6 - Cruise Log (Engine Hour Meter) (See NOTE 2.)
7 - Engine System Monitor -
   a.-PreHeat, b.-Alternator, c.-Oil Pressure, d.-Coolant Temp.
8 - Light Switch and Audio Test
9 - Stop Switch
10 - Keyswitch
11 - 20-Amp Fuse and Holder
12 - Audio Warning Buzzers
13 - Spare Wires - (Not Used)

NOTE 1 : Tape each wire separately with at least two layers of electrical tape.
NOTE 2 : May be wired to any PPL (that is key switched), and BLK.

**Legend:**
- BLK = BLACK
- BLU = BLUE
- BRN = BROWN
- GRY = GRAY
- GRN = GREEN
- ORN = ORANGE
- PPL = PURPLE
- RED = RED
- TAN = TAN
- WHT = WHITE
- YEL = YELLOW
- LT = LIGHT
- DRK = DARK
Warranty Information

Owner Warranty Registration

UNITED STATES AND CANADA ONLY

- It is important that your selling dealer fills out the Warranty Registration Card completely and mails it to the factory immediately upon sale of the new product.
- It identifies name and address of the original purchaser, product model and serial number(s), date of sale, type of use and selling dealer’s code, name and address. The dealer also certifies that you are the original purchaser and user of the product.
- Upon receipt of the Warranty Registration Card at the factory, you will be issued a plastic Owner Warranty Registration Card which is your only valid registration identification. It must be presented to the servicing dealer should warranty service be required. Warranty claims will not be accepted without presentation of this card.
- A temporary Owner Warranty Registration Card will be presented to you when you purchase the product. It is valid only for 30 days from date of sale while your plastic Owner Warranty Registration Card is being processed. Should your product need service during this period, present the temporary registration card to the dealer. He will attach it to your warranty claim form.
- Because of your selling dealer’s continuing personal interest in your satisfaction, the product should be returned to him for warranty service.
- If your plastic card is not received within 30 days from date of new product sale, please contact your selling dealer.
- The product warranty is not effective until the product is registered at the factory.
- NOTICE: Registration lists must be maintained by factory and dealer on marine products sold in the United States, should notification under the federal boat safety act be required.
International Owner Registration

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

- It is important that your selling dealer fills out the Warranty Registration Card completely and mails it to the distributor or Marine Power Service Center responsible for administering the warranty registration/claim program for your area.

- The Warranty Registration Card identifies your name and address, product model and serial number(s), date of sale, type of use and the selling distributors/dealer’s code number, name and address. The distributor/dealer also certifies that you are the original purchaser and user of the product.

- A copy of the Warranty Registration Card, designated as the “Purchaser’s Copy”, MUST be given to you immediately after the card has been completely filled out by the selling distributor/dealer. This card represents your factory registration identification, and should be retained by you for future use when required. Should you ever require warranty service on this product, your dealer may ask you for the Warranty Registration Card to verify date of purchase and to use the information on the card to prepare the warranty claim form(s).

- In some countries, the Marine Power Service Center will issue you a permanent (plastic) Warranty Registration Card within 30 days after receiving the “Factory Copy” of the Warranty Registration Card from your distributor/dealer. If you receive a plastic Warranty Registration Card, you may discard the “Purchaser’s Copy” that you received from the distributor/dealer when you purchased the product. Ask your distributor/dealer if this plastic card program applies to you.

- For further information concerning the Warranty Registration Card and its relationship to Warranty Claim processing, refer to the “International Warranty.” Refer to “Table of Contents.”

IMPORTANT: Registration lists must be maintained by the factory and dealer in some countries by law. It is our desire to have ALL products registered at the factory should it ever be necessary to contact you. Make sure your dealer/distributor fills out the warranty registration card immediately and sends the factory copy to the Marine Power International Service Center for your area.
**Warranty Policy**

**Mercruiser Diesel Limited Warranty**

I. We warrant each new production MerCruiser Diesel Stern Drive Power Package, Inboard Engine and Accessories attached thereto (hereafter referred to as “Product”), manufactured by MerCruiser (hereafter referred to as the “Company”), and sold to the consumer in a country to which distribution is authorized by the Company, to be free from defects in material and workmanship. This warranty shall apply only to pleasure craft and light-duty craft applications.

II. This warranty shall become effective upon the date of sale to the first purchaser or user of the Product. The warranty period for Pleasure Craft applications is one (1) year from date of sale to the first purchaser or user of the product. The warranty period for Light-Duty Craft applications is one (1) year from date of sale to the first purchaser or user of the product, or the accumulation of 500 hours of engine operation, whichever occurs first. The unused period of the applicable warranty, if any, is transferable to subsequent purchasers. If the law applicable in the Country, State or Province where the product is sold prohibits limitation of warranty coverage to one (1) year, then the warranty shall be the minimum period required by law. For purposes of this warranty Pleasure Craft is defined as a recreational planing craft used only and exclusively for pleasure and recreation. Light-Duty Craft is defined as a planing hull vessel used in any law enforcement, commercial, or professional entertainment activity, or used in any enterprise or venture in which revenue in any amount is generated directly or indirectly.

III. To validate the warranty, the “Warranty Registration Card”, included with each Product, must be properly completed by the selling dealer and forwarded immediately after the sale to Mercury Marine (U.S.A. and Canada) or to a Marine Power International Branch, or Distributor Service Office (outside the U.S.A. and Canada).

IV. Purchaser must provide proof of purchase and substantiate the original date of sale by presenting to the dealer, authorized to service the Product, the original purchaser’s copy of the “Warranty Registration Card” or the “Owner Warranty Registration Card”. If either of these items is not available, purchaser must provide a copy of the original purchaser’s “Bill of Sale” (Sales Contract) for the Product to be serviced. Warranty claims will not be accepted by the dealer until the original date of sale and Product serial number can be verified.

V. It is a condition for the continuation of this warranty that the Product be taken to an authorized MerCruiser Service Dealer, after 20 hours of engine operation, but not later than 50 hours, for required checks and adjustments. A copy of the dealer service work order must be retained as evidence of the completion of this requirement.

VI. Since this warranty applies to defects in material or workmanship, it does not apply to normal wear, adjustments, tune-ups or to damage caused by: 1) Neglect, lack of maintenance, accident, abnormal operation, improper installation or service; 2) Use of a propeller not properly suited to application/boat load or, failure to follow instructions in applicable service and warranty information manuals or operation and maintenance manual; 3) Use of an accessory or part not manufactured or sold by us; 4) Operation with fuels, oils, lubricants or coolants/coolant additives which are not suitable for use with the Product or recommended by us; 5) Participating in or preparing for racing or other competitive activity or operating with racing type lower unit; 6) Alteration or removal of parts; 7) Water entering engine cylinder/s through the exhaust system or air intake system; 8) Use of product in a full-displacement or semi-displacement hull vessel; or 9) Use or operation of the product in a manner inconsistent with the “Recommended Operation/Duty Cycle” section of the Operation and Maintenance Manual.
VII. Reasonable access must be provided to the Product for warranty service. This warranty will not apply to: 1) Haul-out, launch, towing and storage charges, telephone or rental charges of any type, inconvenience, or loss of time or income, or other consequential damages; or 2) Removal and/or replacement of boat partitions or material because of boat design for necessary access to the Product.

VIII. Claim shall be made under this warranty by delivering the Product for inspection to a MerCruiser dealer authorized to service the Product. If purchaser cannot deliver Product to such authorized dealer, he may give notice in writing to the Company (U.S.A. and Canada) or the nearest Marine Power International Branch or Distributor Service Office (outside the U.S.A. and Canada). We shall then arrange for the inspection and repair, provided such service is covered under this warranty. Purchaser shall pay for all related transportation charges and/or travel time. If the service is not covered by this warranty, purchaser shall pay for all related labor and material, and any other expenses associated with that service. Any Product or parts shipped by purchaser for inspection or repair must be shipped with transportation charges prepaid.

IX. Our obligation under this warranty shall be limited to repairing a defective part or, at our option, refunding the purchase price or replacing such part or parts as shall be necessary to remedy any malfunction resulting from defects in material or workmanship as covered by this warranty. The repair or replacement of parts, or the performance of service, under this warranty, does not extend the period of this warranty beyond its original expiration date. We reserve the right to improve the design of any Product without assuming any obligation to modify any Product previously manufactured.

X. ALL INCIDENTAL AND/OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARE EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY. WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS ARE EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY. IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE LIMITED TO THE LIFE OF THIS WARRANTY. SOME STATES OR COUNTRIES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS OR THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

XI. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other legal rights which vary from state to state and country to country.
Marine Power International Branch or Distributor Service Offices

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Fax (305) 596-3869

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Fax (65) 270-7898

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Fax (81) 543/34-2022
Warranty Coverage

The purpose of this section is to help eliminate some of the more common misunderstandings regarding warranty coverage. The table explains some of the types of services that are not covered by warranty.

Keep in mind that warranty covers repairs that are needed within the warranty period because of defects in material and workmanship. Installation errors, accidents normal wear and a variety of other causes that affect the product are not covered.

Warranty is limited to defects in material or workmanship, but only when the consumer sale is made in the country to which distribution is authorized by us.

Should you have any questions concerning warranty coverage contact your authorized dealer. They will be pleased to answer any questions that you may have.

WARRANTY DOES NOT APPLY TO THE FOLLOWING:

- Minor adjustments or checks, including checking fuel injection pump timing, cleaning fuel injectors, filters, or adjusting belts, controls, and checking lubrication made in connection with normal services.
- Damage caused by neglect, lack of maintenance, accident, abnormal operation, improper installation or service, or freezing temperatures.
- Haul-out, launch, towing charges; removal and/or replacement of boat partitions or material because of boat design for necessary access to the product; all related transportation charges and/or travel time, etc. Reasonable access must be provided to the product for warranty service. Customer must deliver product to an Authorized Dealer.
- Additional service work requested by customer other than that necessary to satisfy the warranty obligation.
- Labor performed by other than an Authorized Dealer may be covered only under following circumstances: When performed on emergency basis (providing there are no Authorized Dealers in area who can perform the work required or have no facilities to haul out, etc., and prior factory approval has been given to have the work performed at this facility).
- All incidental and/or consequential damages (storage charges, telephone or rental charges of any type, inconvenience or loss of time or income) are the owner’s responsibility.
- Use of other than Quicksilver replacement parts when making warranty repairs.
- Oils, lubricants or fluids changed as a matter of normal maintenance is customer’s responsibility unless loss or contamination of same is caused by product failure that would be eligible for warranty consideration.
- Participating in or preparing for racing or other competitive activity.
- Engine noise does not necessarily indicate a serious engine problem. If diagnosis indicates a serious internal engine condition which could result in a failure, condition responsible for noise should be corrected under the warranty.
- Lower unit and/or propeller damage caused by striking a submerged object is considered a marine hazard.
- Water entering the engine via the air filter or exhaust system or submersion Also water in the starter motor.
- Starter motors and/or armatures or field coil assembly, which are burned, or where lead is thrown out of commutator because of excess cranking.
- Valve or valve seat grinding required because wear.
- Failure of any parts caused by lack of cooling water, which results from starting power package out of water, foreign material blocking inlets or power package being mounted too high.
- Use of fuels and lubricants which are not suitable for use with or on the product. Refer to your Operation and Maintenance Manual.
- Our limited warranty does not apply to any damage to our products caused by the installation or use of parts and accessories which are not manufactured or sold by us. Failures which are not related to the use of those parts or accessories, are covered under warranty, if they otherwise meet the terms of the limited warranty for that product.
Transferable Warranty

The product warranty is transferable to a subsequent purchaser, but only for the remainder of the unused portion of the limited warranty. This will not apply to products used for commercial applications.

DIRECT SALE BY OWNER

- The second owner can be registered as the new owner and retain the unused portion of the limited warranty by sending the former owner’s plastic Owner Warranty Registration Card and a copy of the bill of sale to show proof of ownership. In the United States and Canada, mail to:

  Mercury Marine  
  W6250 West Pioneer Road  
  P.O. Box 1939  
  Fond du Lac, WI 54936-1939  
  Attn: Warranty Registration Department

- A new Owner Warranty Registration Card will be issued with the new owner’s name and address. Registration records will be changed on the factory computer registration file.

- There is no charge for this service.

Outside the United States and Canada, please contact the distributor in your country, or the Marine Power International Service Center closest to you, for the transferable warranty procedure that would apply to you.

Q-GUARD Product Protection Plan

UNITED STATES AND CANADA ONLY

(Certain Performance Products, triple engine installations, and commercial applications are excluded)

The Mercury Marine Q-GUARD Product Protection Plan provides coverage against unexpected mechanical and electrical breakdowns that may occur beyond the standard limited warranty.

The optional Q-GUARD Product Protection Plan is the only Factory Plan available for your engine.

Two, three or four-year plans can be purchased up to 180 days after the original engine purchase date.

See your participating dealer for complete program details.
Owner Service Assistance

Local Repair Service

Always return your MerCruiser powered boat to your local Authorized Dealer, should the need for service arise. Only he has the factory-trained mechanics, knowledge, special tools and equipment and the genuine Quicksilver parts and accessories* to properly service your engine should the need occur. He knows your engine best.

*Quicksilver parts and accessories are engineered and built specifically for MerCruiser stern drives and inboards.

Service Away from Home

If you are away from your local dealer and the need arises for service, contact the nearest Authorized Dealer. Refer to the Yellow Pages of the telephone directory. If for any reason, you cannot obtain service, contact the nearest Regional Service Center. Outside the United States and Canada, contact the nearest Marine Power International Service Center.

Parts and Accessories Inquiries

All inquiries concerning Quicksilver replacement parts and accessories should be directed to your local Authorized Dealer. The dealer has all the necessary information to order parts and accessories for you should he not have them in stock. Only Authorized Dealers can purchase genuine Quicksilver parts and accessories from the factory. Mercury Marine does not sell to unauthorized dealers or retail customers. When inquiring on parts and accessories, the dealer requires the motor model and serial number(s) to order the correct parts.

Resolving a Problem

Your satisfaction and goodwill are of primary importance to your dealer and to Mercury Marine. Any problems with service sales, warranty or operation of your MerCruiser power package will be resolved by your dealer. He also is your primary source of information on your boat, power package and trailer. Should there be a misunderstanding, or if your problem has not been resolved to your satisfaction please follow these steps:

STEP ONE - DISCUSS YOUR PROBLEM WITH ONE OF THE DEALERSHIP MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL.

Misunderstandings or complaints can be quickly solved by the dealer. If you are unable to obtain satisfaction, contact the dealership’s owner.

STEP TWO - IF YOU REQUIRE ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE TO RESOLVE YOUR CONCERN, CONTACT YOUR NEAREST MERCRUISER SERVICE CENTER.

Provide the following important information:

- Your name, address and telephone number.
- The model and serial number(s).
- Your dealer’s name and location.
- Present hours of operation.
- Details of problem or complaint.
- Boat make and size.
- Propeller pitch and/or part number.
- Normal use and approximate gross load.
Please bear in mind that the Service Centers resolve all problems through the dealership using the dealer’s facilities equipment and personnel. This is the reason we request you use the preceding steps in sequence when you have a problem or complaint. Our experience has shown that this is the most expedient and successful procedure to follow to ensure satisfaction to our customers.

FOLLOW STEP THREE ONLY AFTER COMPLETING STEPS ONE AND TWO AND YOUR COMPLAINT HAS NOT BEEN RESOLVED.

STEP THREE - CONTACT CONSUMER AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

UNITED STATES:

MerCruiser
3003 N. Perkins Road
Stillwater, OK 74075-2299
Telephone (405) 743-6515

CANADA:

Contact the Nearest Regional Service Center

OTHER COUNTRIES:

Contact the Nearest
Marine Power International Service Center

The customer service representative will review all the facts involved. If they feel some further action can be taken, they will advise the Service Center. They will contact your dealer to bring the problem to a satisfactory conclusion.

ALL SERVICE WORK IS DONE BY THE AUTHORIZED DEALER USING THE DEALER’S FACILITIES. OUR SERVICE CENTERS AND FACTORY DO NOT HAVE FACILITIES TO SERVICE OR REPAIR YOUR PRODUCT.
Service Centers

UNITED STATES

MerCruiser
3003 N. Perkins Road
Stillwater, OK 74075-2299
Telephone (405) 743-6566
Fax (405) 743-6570

AUSTRALIA, PACIFIC

Marine Power International Pty. Ltd.
P.B. 1420, 132-140 Frankston Road
Dandenong, Victoria 3164
Australia
Telephone (61) (3) 791-5822
Fax (61) (3) 791-5880

CANADA

Mercury Marine
1156 Dundas Highway East
Mississauga, Ontario
L4Y 2C2 Canada
Telephone (905) 270-4481
Fax (905) 270-4510

ASIA

Marine Power International, Ltd.
Block 1002 Jalan Bukit Merah #07-08
Redhill Industrial Estate
JTC Flatted Factories
Singapore 0315
Telephone (65) 270-7680
Fax (65) 270-7898

MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, SOUTH AMERICA, CARIBBEAN

Marine Power International
9350 SW 72nd St. (Sunset Dr.)
Suite 100
Miami, FL 33173
U.S.A.
Telephone (305) 596-9606
Fax (305) 596-3869

JAPAN

Marine Power International - Japan
No. 27-2 Muramatsu Chisaki-shinden
Shimizu City
Shizuoka Prefecture
Japan 424
Telephone (81) 543/34-2500
Fax (81) 543/34-2022

EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA

Marine Power Europe, Inc.
Parc Industriel de Petit-Rechain
B-4800 Verviers
Belgium
Telephone (0) 87 / 32 • 32 • 11
Fax (32) (87) 31 • 19 • 65

Customer Service Literature

English language publications are available from:

Mercury Marine
Attn: Publications Department
W6250 West Pioneer Road
P.O. Box 1939
Fond du Lac, WI 54936-1939

Outside the United States and Canada, contact the nearest Marine Power International Service Center for further information.

When ordering be sure to:
1. List your product, model, year and serial number(s).
2. Check the literature and quantities you want.
3. Enclose full remittance in check or money order (NO C.O.D.’s).
### Owner’s Logbook

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Maintenance and Repair</th>
<th>Operating Hours</th>
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</table>
# General Maintenance Parts

## Engine Parts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>D3.6L/180 MIE</th>
<th>D4.2L/220 MIE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oil Filter</td>
<td>35-19485</td>
<td>35-19486</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Filter</td>
<td>35-807256</td>
<td>35-807256</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Filter Element</td>
<td>805311</td>
<td>805312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seawater Filter</td>
<td>801763855</td>
<td>801763855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impeller</td>
<td>47-801332602</td>
<td>47-816814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostats</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160 Degrees</td>
<td>805947</td>
<td>805947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180 Degrees</td>
<td>805948</td>
<td>805948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostat Housing Gasket</td>
<td>27-805723</td>
<td>27-805723</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternator Belt</td>
<td>57-44207</td>
<td>57-44207</td>
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<tr>
<td>Quicksilver Motor Oil</td>
<td>92-816096A12</td>
<td>92-816096A12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-Corrosion Grease</td>
<td>92-78376A6</td>
<td>92-78376A6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Storage Seal</td>
<td>92-86145A12</td>
<td>92-86145A12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corrosion Guard Spray</td>
<td>92-815869A12</td>
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## Drive Parts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>D3.6L/180 MIE</th>
<th>D4.2L/220 MIE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transmission Filter</td>
<td>35-815419</td>
<td>35-815419</td>
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Literature Order Form

Model _______________ Horsepower ______________ Serial Number ______________ Year _________

Service Manual - shows the complete assembly and disassembly of the engine or stern drive.

Parts Manual - shows the exploded view of the engine or stern drive with corresponding part number.

Operation and maintenance manual (Owner’s Guide) - explains basic operation and maintenance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manual</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Qty.</th>
<th>Price Each</th>
<th>Total Price</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Manual: Engine</td>
<td>90-</td>
<td></td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Service Manual: Drive</td>
<td>90-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Service Manual: Remote Control</td>
<td>90-</td>
<td></td>
<td>$30.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parts Manual: Engine Only</td>
<td>90-</td>
<td></td>
<td>$4.95</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parts Manual: Drive Only</td>
<td>90-</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Operation and Maintenance Manual</td>
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<td>$5.00</td>
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</tr>
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</table>

Sub-Total

Sales Tax *

Ship/Hand**

Grand Total

* must be collected from customers in all states except: AK, AZ, DE, HI, ID, IA, ME, MI, MT, NV, NH, NY, OR, VT, WV, WY

** Orders Totaling: up to $20.00, add $3.00
20.01 - $50.00, add $4.00
50.01 - up, Free
Please Return with Payment to:

Mercury Marine
Attn: Publications Dept.
P.O. Box 1939
Fond du Lac, WI 54936-1939

**Ship To:** (Please Print or Type - This is your Shipping Label)

Name ____________________________________________

Address ____________________________________________

City ___________________________ State _______ Zip _______

**Method of Payment:** (No Cash or C.O.D.)

Personal Check [ ] Cashiers Check [ ] Money Order [ ]

Card Number

Expiry Date

Visa [ ] Master Card [ ]

Signature ____________________________________________

Date ______/____/____

(____) __________________________

Telephone Number
Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.